



IELTS Writing Task 2 Sample 7

Topic: Education





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Writing Task 2 Sample 7

Education

Some people believe that unpaid community service should be a compulsory part of high school programmers (for example working for a charity, improving the neighbourhood or teaching sports to younger children). To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Some people argue that community service should be required coursework. In light of the positive outcomes for students, I fully support this recommendation. The essay will begin by discussing the importance of extracurricular activities and how volunteer work can help students build soft skills.

Community service is one of the most effective ways to hone skills like leadership, empathy, and self-discipline. Education should not be limited to merely academic endeavours, and those who are pursuing education should also develop life skills such as working together, showing compassion for others, and maintaining self-discipline. Serving those who are less fortunate than ourselves teaches us many things, including how to collaborate with individuals who come from a variety of different backgrounds and the importance of putting in a lot of effort.

This kind of experience is also becoming highly demanded by a wide variety of colleges and companies. The majority of high school graduates have grades that are comparable, so doing volunteer work is one way to differentiate yourself from the crowd. For instance, each year the universities of Cambridge and Oxford receive thousands of applications from students with perfect grade point averages, but they can only accept a small percentage of the applicants. The things that you have accomplished outside of the classroom are frequently the factor that sets you apart from everyone else and earns you that highly desirable spot.











Teenagers should be required to participate in unpaid work as part of their regular schooling because it will help them learn things that they normally wouldn't learn from their teachers and it will also increase their chances of getting into higher levels of education. In conclusion, teenagers should be made to participate in unpaid work as part of their regular schooling.

(290 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

It is certain that high schools must provide education that goes beyond academic knowledge and encourages the development of students' soft skills in order to prepare pupils for the high demands. There are many who believe that mandatory student volunteer hours in high schools might help solve this problem. I agree that this practice aids youth in building psychological and emotional fortitude and increases their potential for success in the workplace.

First, it is well known that high school students who volunteer acquire communication and interpersonal skills. Such engagement has several advantages. Adolescents' emotions of acute loneliness and uselessness are real and must be addressed. Volunteering together boosts selfesteem, gives them a sense of purpose and introduces them to like-minded others. Young individuals can meet others who share these ideals.

Helping out at a high school as a volunteer is important for a number of reasons, one of which is that it encourages the development of skills that are applicable in the workplace and may come in handy in the future. This is due to the fact that volunteering is often seen as an excellent way for students to acquire the necessary knowledge in a variety of fields and select a path for their professional development in the future. Individuals are able to hone skills such as networking, teamwork, and problem-solving as a direct result of the extensive training that is made available to them through volunteer work.

In conclusion, I am adamant that including voluntary work in a course of study should not be disregarded. This is because young people have the opportunity to maintain their psychological and emotional health as well as to develop important professional skills. (279 words)







Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

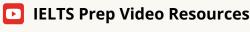
The value of education cannot be overstated in relation to the lives of individuals. There are those who believe that students should be required to perform unpaid community service as part of their academic requirements. Because of the many advantages it offers to students, I believe that high schools should make it mandatory for students to participate in the activities that are offered. In the following paragraphs, I will explain my viewpoint using examples that are pertinent to the topic at hand.

To begin, it is self-evident that students can create a perfect setting for developing their social skills by taking part in unpaid public activities. To begin, students should gain practical knowledge and experience alongside their theoretical education. Charity-work students, for example, have excellent teamwork skills because they know what they need to do to work with others. Second, it's a fantastic chance to work on their physical and mental well-being and expand their linguistic repertoire. Examples include college students who work with younger kids as coaches or mentors. Additionally, they discuss the sports knowledge they have gained. Finally, people engage in these pursuits in their spare time.

A student's future career prospects greatly improve as a result of the diploma they receive in exchange for their unpaid association services. There are, in fact, thousands of certificate required jobs that include some element of unpaid social service. Finding satisfying work is an added bonus.

To sum up, I agree that people who do community service for free can learn valuable life skills and advance their careers by taking advantage of the many opportunities that present themselves to them.

(269 words)







Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

Some authorities believe that everyone attending secondary school must be required to perform unpaid community service. I agree with the statement since it encourages kids to assist their younger schoolmates and it also promotes their overall growth. A major problem is that children may begin to feel stressed, but this may be avoided with the right advice from teachers.

First and foremost, in exchange for their time and effort, volunteers gain a better understanding of the needs of their community and their own worth to society. Consider the summer programmes offered by many institutions of higher learning, in which college students instruct younger students. This shows kids that even if they don't have much intelligence themselves, they can still help others learn by sharing what they know with them.

Second, maturity necessitates not only head knowledge but also life experience. Those who do charitable work may see a positive impact, and by learning to empathize with those who are less fortunate, students may find themselves in a position to receive help with future endeavours unrelated to their chosen professions. For example, many schools have a yearly contribution programme in which students set up a booth and then give their profits to help other underprivileged kids. The students were moved to commit to future acts of kindness as a result of the event.

Unpaid humanitarian work is important for students' development and understanding of helping others, despite its drawbacks. Unpaid community service complicates students' lives, but teachers can help by explaining its importance. Because a good education may influence youth to make socially beneficial choices.

(264 words)







In some countries young people are encouraged to work or travel for a year between finishing high school and starting university studies. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages for young people who decide to do this.

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

In recent times, it is more essential for youngsters to balance their professional life and travelling. In certain countries, it is usual for high school graduates to take a gap year to travel and get professional experience before enrolling in universities. The benefit and the drawback of the statement will be addressed further.

The major advantage to work or travel before entering institutes is as follows: Since work experience enables students to demonstrate their readiness for vocational degrees by gaining experience, many take a year off before enrolling in institutions to get valuable job experience or to travel. To cite an example, some universities such as the University of Manitoba, provide preference to applicants with prior job experience; hence, it is easier for students to be picked if they have previous work experience, which is also advantageous for their careers. Therefore, a minimum of one year of experience is necessary to get a superior education.

In contrast, the drawback of this statement is that it is very difficult to realise interesting activities, which will also need a significant investment of time and money. In addition, if students get too involved or preoccupied during their gap year, they may lose interest in their academics, which would negatively impact their future. A study of students revealed, for instance, that some students took a break from their studies to tour the region; subsequently, they refused to resume their studies since they had lost interest. Hence, taking a vacation from academics is detrimental to a person's career if they decide to stop studying.







To conclude, although taking a gap year is beneficial in order to receive better education, it has a major disadvantage if students lose their interest in studies.

(285 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

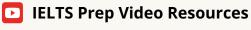
Nowadays, taking a break from work or studies has become essential to refresh our mind. Some nations encourage high school graduates to take a year off to work or travel before beginning university education. Both the positive and negative aspects of this statement will be discussed further.

The advantage of a break from work or travel is that, now that pupils are capable of independent thought, they want to study and earn on their own and become autonomous. In addition, during this gap year, learners want to work and earn the money for their university courses. For example, an article demonstrated that the majority of students now pay for their own colleges because they want experience and independence. Therefore, a break from studying is helpful for students in order for them to appreciate the worth of money since they must work hard to obtain it.

The disadvantage is that when students enter their institute after a year, they feel behind their friends because at that time they will be a year ahead. Moreover, students must contend with the dread of being excluded, which will ultimately influence their academic performance. A survey, for instance, proved that after a lengthy break, it is difficult for students to manage their academics and confront their worries. So, a person's life and work are negatively impacted by a sense of inferiority.

To conclude, taking a sabbatical is useful if students want to become independent; yet, it has more negative impacts on students' life if they do not confront their fear of being left out.

(258 words)











Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

Taking a break from anything is always a debatable topic to discuss. In many countries, it is believed that youngsters should take a year off before entering university after high school. However, it has advantages and disadvantages also, and it will be discussed further.

On the one hand, it has benefits to meet new people and gain a broader perspective on things. Moreover, it is the only way to explore the world and get experience of various fields, and to know about their fascinating subject. If learners take time to explore their interested field and give appropriate time to it, then they will have an excellent career and stay satisfied with their life. Hence, it is always beneficial to choose a career in an interesting field for a happy life.

On the other hand, a break might be expensive if you travel all around the world and explore other regions since you must spend a great deal of money and cannot save any. Moreover, enjoyment will be harmful when you take a year off from studies because after that it's hard to concentrate on studying. A study of institutions revealed, for instance, that they had seen substantial differences between the performance of students who took a gap year and that of other students. Thus, a break not only costs money but also diminishes study motivation.

To conclude, despite the fact that taking a break is advantageous to explore the globe and experience many things, it has a detrimental impact since it will not only cost you money but also your academics.

(259 words)







Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

In recent times, education is more important to survive in this technical world. There are many youngsters who are encouraged to take a year off after high school. However, it has advantages and disadvantages, and both will be discussed further.

Taking the benefits of a gap year is that students can learn new skills by doing work or travel, and they can put their new skills and experience in the university whenever they will join. Since learners make an extra effort to learn something new, they always end up getting success in their career, and in life. To cite an example, there are a majority of students who learned better skills and courses before enrolling in institutes, an article proved it. Hence, to get better knowledge and understanding in college, learning extra skills are essential.

On the other hand, a gap year may induce homesickness in students who are not wellorganised and goal-oriented. In addition, the majority of students who opt to take a gap year have no aspirations; as a result, they will spend their days lounging about instead of acquiring new skills or experience. As a consequence, they will be unable to concentrate on their studies when they enrol in higher school. Therefore, a sabbatical is only advantageous if a student has previously established future objectives.

In conclusion, while having a gap year provides benefits for gaining additional experience and abilities, it has substantial disadvantages if it causes students to become unmotivated and prevents them from focusing on their studies.

(251 words)









Some people think that universities should provide graduates with the knowledge and skills needed in the workplace. Others think that the true function of a university should be to give access to knowledge for its own sake, regardless of whether the course is useful to an employer. What, in your opinion, should be the main function of a university?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Experts are of the notion that colleges and universities should focus more on preparing students for the workplace in terms of the skills and knowledge they impart. Whereas, a few others state that students should be trained for whatever career path they choose, regardless of whether or not they actually end up working in that field. I firmly bolster with the former viewpoint. Both sides are discussed in the ensuing paragraph.

The foremost reason for my inclination is to equip students with skills and knowledge applicable to their future careers should be the primary goal of higher education. Students primarily attend college to acquire the necessary knowledge to pursue their ideal careers. A student aspiring to a career in medicine, for instance, would submit an application to medical schools. And he ought to expect that college will provide him with all the necessary tools and knowledge. He anticipates learning from his medical school professors about how to connect with patients, how to properly administer medication, how to diagnose a patient's condition, and how to counsel healthy lifestyle choices. Universities risk losing public trust if they fail to equip their students with marketable skills and knowledge.

However, if we believe that the university's true purpose is merely to provide access to knowledge, then there is little to choose between self-study and formal classroom instruction. This will lead students to believe that going to college is a waste of both their time and money. The university has lost its compassion and its ability to educate its students if it does not consider the practical implications of what it teaches its employees.

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To recapitulate, higher education should equip students with the knowledge and skills necessary to land their ideal job. The majority of students attend college with the goal of advancing their careers.

(300 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

Thoughts on the proper role of universities have always been diametrically opposed. The primary goal, in my opinion, should be to get students ready for the workforce. There are a couple of reasons for this: first, it gives them a better return on their money, and second, it is the duty of educational institutions to supply businesses with the skilled workers they require.

The primary reason for this predisposition is that students will receive a greater return on their university investment if their coursework genuinely prepares them for the workforce.

People who are interested in acquiring knowledge for its own sake can do so for little out of pocket expense by reading or purchasing appropriate books or online courses. Students take on substantial debt to finance their education at university, with the expectation that they will one day graduate to a well-paying job that will allow them to live comfortably.

In addition to this, universities, being significant parts of society, also have a duty to produce graduates with skills in demand by employers. As a result, the direction in which society is healing is reflected in the types of talents that are in high demand. The maturation of emerging technologies like virtual reality, for instance, depends on organisations competing for the best and brightest graduates with degrees in computer science. Many industries risk stagnating if universities don't produce workers with the skills sought after by businesses.

To put in the nutshell, the goal of higher education should be to get students ready for the workforce. If it doesn't, colleges will be failing in their social responsibility and students will have squandered their money.

(273 words)







Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

The best places to get an advanced degree are at universities and colleges. There are those who believe that schools should tailor the curriculum they teach to the needs of the labour market. Some argue that universities should prioritise teaching students how to think critically over preparing them for the job market. universities, in my opinion, should assist students in developing marketable abilities. Both sides are discussed below.

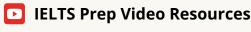
To begin with, students choose to take a particular course at university because they want to learn more about that particular field. In today's increasingly competitive job market, candidates must demonstrate that they possess the skills necessary to successfully perform their duties. Because of the increasing expectation of general knowledge among employers, knowledge of the specifics of a given field is essential. Finding work when you lack experience or education requirements becomes challenging.

Moreover, the job market demands skills that can only be learned by immersing oneself in that area of study. Indeed, students will not be willing to spend three to five years in college to earn a degree in a field that is not in demand by the job market. A student's credibility in the eyes of society will suffer if he or she applies to become an architect but fails to acquire adequate practical knowledge of the profession through employment.

There are those who think school is crucial to personal growth and society as a whole. However, if students who sign up for a given class are unable to learn the material and put it to use on the job, they will be out of luck.

To sum up, Colleges and universities have a moral obligation to equip their students with the knowledge and skills they need to enter the workforce and make a living.

(296 words)







Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6

Higher education aims to prepare graduates for work. Many students enrol to improve their marketability, but others want to get a certificate or degree to get their dream career. That's why I think educational institutions should tailor their courses to provide their future workers with professional growth possibilities.

It's not surprising that this is the case given that modern jobs are increasingly specialised in nature, making it essential for employees to possess the skills necessary to fulfil each and every one of their duties. After finishing school, a person is expected to take on all of the duties associated with their chosen profession, including the knowledge and skills necessary to complete the many difficult and time-consuming tasks that come with doing so successfully. For instance, I was required to have a part-time teaching job as soon as I finished the Faculty of Philology. The theoretical knowledge I had acquired during my education was completely unnecessary compared to the practical requirements imposed by my employment.

However, it is undeniable that most positions would call for workers who are adept at multitasking and who are able to operate under pressure to complete projects on time. Instead of hiring extra people to fill vacancies, it seems that large businesses would rather hire one individual who can do the work of numerous people. Despite the cutthroat nature of business, there is always a great need for top-tier experts in a certain field. This can happen if schools improve their curriculum and provide pupils more opportunities to put what they learn into practice.

In conclusion, higher education institutions should focus more on their fields of study to give graduates the greatest and fastest results. Academically trained people can succeed in their fields and support themselves for life.

(292 words)







Some people think that all university students should study whatever they like. Others believe that they should only be allowed to study subjects that will be useful in future, such as those related to science and technology.

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Modern technology requires graduation. Some argue that institute students should study their favourite disciplines or ones that will assist them in the future, including science and technology. However, both viewpoints along with my preference will be explained further.

On the one hand, some individuals believe that colleges should enable students to study whatever interests them, since this would allow for more investigation of many topic areas. Moreover, if they study what they like, they will pursue a job in their field of passion. Babaria University, for instance, allowed students to choose their own courses; consequently, many began pursuing their passions as vocations. Therefore, institutions should let students choose their own courses since it will be advantageous to their careers.

On the other hand, however, institutions should teach technical subjects that are advantageous for the students' futures. For a brighter future, it is necessary to educate oneself on the latest technologies, given that their prevalence is growing daily. For example, according to a survey, a multinational corporation recruited those students with a technical background; as a consequence, the students had greater employment. Therefore, to ensure the future, technological disciplines must be excellent.







My opinion is that allowing students to choose their own subjects to study not only enables them to pursue their passions, but also encourages them to explore the entire field in order to learn more about their areas of interest, which is advantageous because it will provide them numerous experiences. Therefore, students should select their own area for a better job and a more fulfilling life.

In conclusion, despite the fact that technical courses are beneficial, students should choose topics depending on their career aspirations for happiness and stay motivated to work. (283 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

Graduation is the most important requirement to compete in the modern technological environment. Some people continue to debate whether all institute students should study their favourite courses or simply those topics that would benefit them in the future, such as science and technology-related subjects. Nonetheless, both opinions and my own will be examined further.

Firstly, according to some people, colleges should permit their students to choose their favourite subjects. Since students are pursuing their passion, pupils are granted independence and live without tension. For instance, a survey illustrates that students who pursued their passions had less stress than other classmates. Hence, universities' permission gives students health benefits as well.

Secondly, others believe that universities should only let students study technical topics since they are advantageous for the future. Despite the fact that it should rely on the individual's preference, technical disciplines offer greater advantages since they are in high demand due to technological advancements. According to their history, for instance, a reputable corporation chose students with a desire to get more knowledge of technology. Therefore, technological disciplines are vital for the advancement of the future.

In my viewpoint, learners should follow their passion as it is very important for their mental health. In addition, if they learn subjects according to their interest, then they will never get tired of their work and always work happily. Therefore, students should always select subjects wisely for their future.











To conclude, although both have different aspects, learning an interesting course is always advantageous for learners' future and happy life.

(256 words)

Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

In recent times, education has become more essential to compete in this modern world. Some individuals believe that students should be allowed to choose their own subjects; while, others opine that colleges should solely teach technical subjects. My opinion along with both perspectives will be explained further.

On the one hand, students should choose their courses since it increases their motivation and autonomy. In addition, it motivates students to study more and explore new topics. If students research an area of interest, then they may be more certain of their decision and create a cheerful and motivated atmosphere. Hence, a learner's decision creates an atmosphere conducive to their desire to learn.

On the other hand, individuals believe that children would benefit more from learning science and technology related topics. Moreover, technology is advancing day by day, resulting in a high need for technological sectors. An article proved, for instance, that people in technical occupations earn more than those in other sectors and advance their careers. Thus, for a better lifestyle and to be competitive, technical topic knowledge is important.

In my opinion, Universities should educate students in technological courses since it is not only important for their careers, but also enriches their lives. Aside from this, when students choose their own subjects, they may make incorrect selections. Therefore, technological knowledge is vital for competition and a higher quality of life.

To conclude, despite the fact that interest may simplify their lives, technical knowledge is necessary to understand the technological world and earn more money.

(254 words)









Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

Nowadays, education is the most essential need. Some individuals continue to argue that colleges should either allow students to pick their courses or educate science and technologyrelated subjects for the students' betterment. However, my perspective on this strategy and the two opposing viewpoints will be examined further.

Firstly, according to some people, institutions should enable students to study their favourite courses, as it offers them a purpose for their studies and a motivation to remain motivated. For example, a survey illustrated that, the majority of students who followed their passion, started their start-ups and growing; consequently, their business is getting extended and they are not even getting bored of their work. Hence, passion helps people to grow incredibly.

Others argue that students should be required to study technical courses since they have the ability to solve and react to technological mistakes. Since the institutions assisted youngsters in recognising their abilities, students began to develop differently. Thus, science and technology contribute to improved employment prospects and technological proficiency. In my opinion, students should be allowed to choose their career as many children have interest in arts or music. Even while these arts are not sufficient to live a life of luxury, they provide calm and contentment, which are essential for a stress-free existence. For instance, a student from the International Institute of Information Technology (IIIT) became a singer during studies. Therefore, it should be obligatory for students to pursue their passions and have successful careers.

To conclude, even if there is a risk associated with following one's passion, it will be worthwhile if they achieve success through hard effort and can establish a happy life.

(273 words)







Computers are being used more and more in education. Some people say that this is a positive trend, while others argue that it is leading to negative consequences. Discuss both sides of this argument and then give your own opinion

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

To say that computers have changed the educational landscape is an understatement. It has been speculated that the widespread use of computers in schools will eventually make teachers obsolete. While I can see the value of technology in the classroom, I disagree that computers will ever replace human educators.

It's important to note that computers are generally superior to teachers when it comes to timely instruction and assessment of student understanding. Nonetheless, instructing students entails more than just delivering lectures and administering tests. Professors do a lot more than just give lectures or explain abstract concepts. Learners are taught to effectively extract information and put it to use by teachers who guide them through a variety of activities and motivations. Therefore, educators focus on helping students develop skills in critical thinking, synthesis, and application.

As a result, educators have gotten better at fostering an inclusive learning environment. Students come from a wide range of socioeconomic backgrounds, and when teachers are able to enthusiastically acknowledge and positively identify students' cultural and individual differences, they can help eliminate stereotypes in the classroom. Students also respond differently to classroom settings based on their individual levels of background knowledge, motivation to learn, and other personal factors. Teachers can use this case to better comprehend their students' wide range of instructional demands. In other words, human educators have the ability to create individualised lesson plans for each of their students, whereas this is beyond the capabilities of any artificial intelligence.









To recapitulate, it's clear that computers can't replace teachers. Teachers have the power to ensure that each of their students receives the individualised attention and academic resources they need to climb the ladder of success. No amount of technological advancement will ever be able to replace the human element of quality education.

(297 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

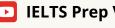
When the topic of using computers arises there are divided opinions. Some are of the notion that it is quite beneficial to use computers in education. Whereas a few others state that using computers in studies are not at all beneficial.

To begin with, a single computer can hold an inconceivably large amount of data, process it incredibly quickly compared to a human, and be unconstrained in any way that a human would be. The vast network of billions of interconnected computers is undoubtedly more powerful in the classroom. Whether we accept it or not, Artificial Intelligence is the future and the education sector would surely embrace it completely.

In addition to this, we have already come to terms with the fact that computers will be used extensively in the classroom, and their use is rapidly expanding. A future generation would find the more adept AI teachers over humans and would decide to banish the classroombased traditional education. Since machines need to be fed information rather than independently stumbling upon it, the driving force would still be humans, but the method of instruction would undoubtedly undergo radical change. Millions of students, as one example, sign up for online, interactive courses every day to learn new things and adapt to the changing educational landscape.

To sum up, I think traditional teaching methods would change, with teachers preparing digital courses rather than delivering lectures in a classroom, and AI taking over responsibility for assessing students, but this transition will take some time.

(250 words)





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Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

The world continues to stress the importance of this type of utility because of its many practical applications. There is still uncertainty, however, as to whether or not this trend will ultimately benefit society. After discussing the potential upsides of computer use, we will examine the potential downsides.

Before anything else, it's important to note that laptops have been in development for more than 60 years, during which time many changes have been made that have had an effect on the present day. To give just one example, the working population has greatly benefited from the development of informatics software that aims to make daily tasks less tedious. people don't have to cram everything into their brains or fill out reams of paper. In addition, technological advancement has made it possible to back up vast quantities of data in physical memories or even clouds, rather than on physical papers, which can be lost due to, say, fire.

Some, however, may consider the potential drawbacks of computers. The increasing efficacy of computers has real-world implications, including the potential for a rise in the unemployment rate. In the past, I've heard tales of people who were content in their jobs but unable to keep up with the rapid advancements in the information technology field. Sadly, it may lead to mental health problems like depression, anxiety, or worse.

To sum up my thoughts, I'd say that the world is changing regardless of what anyone does. Increasing sophistication in computing means more and more electronic gadgets. Everyone, in my opinion, will be forced to accept these shifts and make an effort to adapt. Nonetheless, I'm not convinced that strict monitoring of computer technologies is necessary because of the potential impact on people's actions. Humans have unique skills that technology can't yet replicate.

(298 words)







Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

Computers and other electronic devices have made inroads into the classroom as technology has progressed. The use of computers in the classroom and the classroom itself is now commonplace. Although some may see this as a good thing, others worry that it will have a detrimental impact on their education. Both sides are discussed in the ensuing paragraphs.

Supporters of the former viewpoint state that traditional methods of education have been supplanted by the use of computers and mobile devices. It's less work for you, but it has a significant long-term effect on the youngsters. For instance, when the entire country went into lockdown when the pandemic hit. Under no circumstances were students to report to school or leave their homes. The entire educational system was closed. If not for computers and other forms of modern technology, there would be no way for students to access their coursework. It's safe to say that nobody hasn't gotten something out of modern technology. This is the driving force behind their recent successes. It was impossible for students to keep up with their studies without daily access to a computer or laptop.

Proponents of the latter view point state that, Some worry that students will become too reliant on technology and stop paying attention in class if they are given more time to use computers. They won't put in any effort to learn and will instead waste their time. As a result, many students become dependent on their computers, which can lead to a host of health problems.

In my opinion, computers should supplement more traditional teaching strategies. While students benefit most from the personal attention of teachers, the internet can also play an important role in the classroom.

(286 words)







Students in a school should learn academic subjects and pass exams. Other skills such as cookery, dressmaking, and woodwork can be taught well by family and friends. Do you agree and disagree?

Justify your views and give illustrations according to your knowledge. You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

"Education is not the filling of a pot but the lighting of a fire" said by W.B. Yeats. Whether a pupil should learn only academic proficiency at school rather than non-scholastic skills such as cooking and dressmaking delivers a controversial consideration. From my perception, I think students ought to gain theoretical knowledge at school, but also lecturers should guide their pupils to live a healthier lifestyle.

Initially, human beings have a hazard to expand their horizons in exclusive topics inclusive of literature, mathematics, geography, history, and so on. Folks that support a unique cognizance of academics can factor its tangible outcome in higher check scores. Also, everyone should get knowledge of the important theoretical subjects whatever they will be studying in future. For instance, the skill of accountancy will be helpful to manage the budget and investments in the future.

In contrast, I think children should learn non-scholastic skills also as it will be helpful to them in the latter phase of life. To illustrate this, if an individual is going abroad for further studies, far away from family and friends where one has to stay alone and manage everything. Then this life skill can be useful. Otherwise, it will end up stressful.

To conclude, Education should not be limited to books only because it has theoretical stuff and disregarding practical matters. I think it is mandatory to have knowledge of both practical as well as theoretical subjects of life. Because one is not aware when this going to help in the later future.

(255 words)









Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

Due to the surging demand by elementary school professors with immaculate educational records, first preference is given to elementary subjects such as Mathematics, Science, Social studies, and many more. However, it is believed that extra-curricular subjects are also important for their overall development. I partially agree with both viewpoints and this essay will discuss them in detail.

It is mandatory to understand that education is not restricted to books only. Beyond bookish knowledge, there are many things and several ways to learn. For instance, Non-academic subjects such as cooking, dressmaking, and many more are necessary. While Learning these subjects from a mother or father, one can also spend some time with them and can enjoy leisure time productively rather than watching Tv or using a mobile phone for hours and hours.

Furthermore, studying continuously for long hours daily can create an enormous amount of stress for pupils. Beyond mental stress, they face health issues such as eyesight problems due to reading continuously, obesity because of lack of physical activity, and last but not least, they can have back deformation too as they were sitting continuously for a long time. Additionally, the pressure of scoring good marks in examinations can make them feel unmotivated and can have sleep issues also.

To sum up, it is necessary to balance both the wheels such as scholastic as well as nonscholastic activities. Education is like the branches of trees - not limited to anything. Therefore, education outside the books should also be given equal preference.

(250 words)







Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

In this contemporary era, some people believe that schools and colleges are a place where students should study curricular subjects whilst other people disagree with this. This essay will discuss both aspects in detail.

On one hand, studying curriculum knowledge is essential for students. The most important reason for this is that the examination results are vital for maintaining academic records. Additionally, scholastic subjects equip students with fundamental knowledge which will be helpful in their tertiary education. For instance, knowledge of accounting will be useful for an individual to maintain savings and investments. Indeed, it is true that many people believe that schools are constructed for academic courses only, not for other activities. Furthermore, theoretical knowledge is a good basis for a future career.

However, not every student wants to pursue a career in Accountancy or biology. But they are surely going to hire cooks or dressmakers in their life. If these people have learned these skills from their schools then it will surely be an easier task for them. Like this, there are also many other skills that are not mentioned in the books but are mandatory to learn. In addition, learning these things in leisure time is more productive instead of spending it sitting in front of the television or on a mobile phone.

In conclusion, I strongly recommend that schools should educate students about practical subjects of life such as cooking, maintaining self and so on. Nevertheless, academics are absolutely mandatory but these activities are survival skills.

(250 words)







Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

It is often argued that children should be taught academic subjects only to score decent marks in exams and other creative skills such as cooking, dressmaking and woodwork can be taught well by family and friends. I partially agree with this standpoint and in this essay, I will give my justification.

Undeniably, skill-building batches are mandatory in educational institutions as it accelerates cognitive skills among students. For instance, If students are engaged in craft activities, they will learn weaving, stitching, and many more abilities for which knowledge of measurement is mandatory. Ultimately, the mathematical skills of the folk will proliferate. According to the Survey in the US, it was proven that the majority of students score satisfactory grades just because they are good at measuring tasks that will be valuable in their near future. Therefore, domestic skills play an essential role in the holistic development of a youngster.

On the other hand, academic knowledge have hold significant importance in institutions. If a student is interested in accountancy, biology, or computer science then they will surely make a choice of being an accountant, pharmacist, or an IT engineer. Additionally, not everybody wants to pursue domestic skills. If in case a child wants to learn that then they should be enrolled in a special school or college after completing higher school education.

To sum up, Nevertheless, academic subjects hold much importance but non-scholastic subjects should also be considered the same. If these non-curricular subjects would be taught by professionals then students are able to learn that sincerely and deeply.

(257 words)







The best way to reduce poverty in developing countries is by giving up to six years of free education so that they can at least read, write and use numbers. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Justify your opinion and provide any relevant examples from your knowledge. Write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Offering free education for six years is a secure way to lower the percentage of illiteracy and poverty in the country. So, I completely agree with this assertion, the reasons will be discussed in this essay.

To begin with, the only definite method for most children from impoverished homes to leave poverty and compete with others is to acquire quality education. If the government of the developing nations give underprivileged children free basic education, a basic level of education may be developed and the seeds of knowledge acquisition can be planted in them at a very early age. Because, poverty and illiteracy are the greatest obstacles for any developing economy, leading to a vicious cycle of unemployment and deprivation of education. Therefore, giving free education for 6 six years will help them instil a fundamental sense of awareness and the knowledge required for building themselves a secure and bright career.

On the contrary, there are certain benefits of this, firstly acquiring basic skills such as speaking foreign languages like English, reading, writing and working with numbers help the poor population by bringing them a plethora of employment opportunities. Secondly, people can learn the importance of nutrition, a healthy diet, and environmental preservation, which helps to protect themselves from viral diseases and enhance their standard of living.





To conclude, the physical, intellectual, and emotional development of children is the essence of a good education. So in my opinion, the government should consider such positive effects which free education can have on the needy population.

(251 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

It is often argued that making primary schooling free can be fundamental to guarantee that everyone has access to education. To reduce poverty in the country, some people still believe that free education can be a great solution. However, I completely disagree with this view, the reasons for it will be discussed further in the essay.

To begin with, the first and foremost reason is that only free schooling is not effective enough to cap the financial difficulties or poverty. Nevertheless, many citizens are deprived of basic necessities like food, shelter and clothes, therefore, free education is their second priority for them. Indeed, the government, for instance, should focus on the development of infrastructure like building hospitals, constructing roads and establishing industries where the people can work to earn their basic livelihood and could feel a sense of pride as employment makes them independent. Thus, creating job vacancies would be a stronger approach to lesser poverty as compared to giving out free schooling to the youth.

Adding to it, one could say that there would be a considerable increase in taxation to provide free education to all the young and deprived kids, which may add to poverty rather than solve it. Additionally, schools might be overcrowded, which would affect the quality of education, thus further impacting the children's future prospects. Finally, the provision of free education with only limited jobs may only increase competition and job insecurity, adding to the lack of employment opportunities.

To conclude, no doubt, education has its own importance to raise the country's economy, but a nation's GDP is connected to the employment rate. Therefore, the modernisation of existing professions and creating more job opportunities would be more impressive in battling the problem of poverty.

26

(289 words)











Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

Education plays a crucial part in eliminating poverty. Consider the developed nations of the world. It is not difficult to recognise that the most valuable asset of these nations is their educated workforce. Therefore, I agree with the belief that providing free education to their children is the best approach to eliminating poverty in developing countries.

First, numerous students cannot continue their education due to financial difficulties. So, requesting the government to fund basic education will aid in reducing the dropout rate overall in the country. Additionally, it will give a remedy for child labour and crime. Moreover, data indicate that developing nations have seriously alarming unemployment rates. Therefore, providing free basic education not only helps kids obtain better jobs but also creates more employment prospects in the education industry, thereby lowering the unemployment rate in the developing country.

Second, attending school will enable folks to acquire skills and expertise they would not obtain otherwise. This will aid them in obtaining better professions and becoming productive, fulfilled citizens in the long run for their future. It will also motivate them to combat social problems such as poverty. Access to education also provides the promise of a successful future, hence reducing deprivation. Free education will help individuals have a more optimistic outlook on the future and develop a constructive attitude toward society and themselves.

To conclude, even elementary education has the potential to the growth of a developing country overall and help to eliminate poverty and illiteracy. To put it briefly, I agree wholeheartedly with the claim that education should be free for all children.

(264 words)









Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

In the modern era, poverty and illiteracy are thought to be connected. I strongly affirm that, by providing free education to the children, poverty can be reduced between the generations as education can be easily accessible to the poor population and it would greatly contribute to increasing the rates of the economy and employment in developing countries.

In the first place, there are people that are unfit for some emerging nations, which must spend a great amount on food, education, and health care. Last year, the International Health Organization released a poll revealing that more than 50 per cent of individuals live below the poverty line and out of which almost 35 per cent of children are out of school or can't afford school after some years, due to a lack of funds. If kids are provided education free for six years, they will be better equipped with reading, writing and using numbers, and also it would highly benefit the growth of their career.

In addition, there is no doubt that going to school will improve a children's intellect and the economy will be increased along with the increased literacy rate. However, the government should think outside the box to solve emerging problems, just as it should train the people in a professional way such that they can put all their experience and learned knowledge into practice when it comes to real life or work life.

In conclusion, I firmly believe that making school free of cost for a certain period can offer a long-term solution to the country's growing economy because it may reduce the problem of quitting schools and helps children to expand their skill set and proficiency.

(280 words)





Many parents today organise extra classes for their children after school and at the weekends. Do you feel that this is a worthwhile thing to do or do you feel children have enough education at school?

Give reasons to justify your response and include relevant examples from your knowledge. Write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Nowadays, it is quite common for parents to develop unique educational materials for their children to improve their learning abilities. I agree with this approach because I do not believe that the school curriculum is sufficient for children's development and few more thoughts on activities after school. In this essay, I will clarify my point and provide supporting examples.

In the beginning, it is crucial to emphasise that education provides students with the possibility to achieve success in the future. As a result, it is critical to accomplish everything from what you can learn. Furthermore, I can state from my personal experience and the research of some specialists that information is useless unless it is used. In other words, youngsters should get more practice in school. For example, I've realised that I don't remember anything that I didn't apply in practice. However, as everyone is aware, there is insufficient time in school to improve abilities. So, that is a fantastic opportunity to accomplish it during extra lessons.

On the contrary, there is one issue that all forms of after-school activities might be a strain for youngsters. They are tired and hungry, and all they want is to rest before they have to finish their homework. As a result, notwithstanding the danger to one's health, there is one additional issue. Such classes will be completely pointless and irrelevant. Children just cannot be productive after school. For example, when I was younger, I attended a few hours of physics and math supplementary lessons. And, to be honest, it was a terrible experience with no positives. As a result, it is yet another important aspect of schooling that parents should remember.







Education plays an important role in the development of individuals. Therefore, I believe that further research is worth considering and it is essential to practice as much as possible. However, youngsters deserve some relaxation after a long day.

(308 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

Nowadays, more and more parents let their children participate in extracurricular activities after school or on weekends. They believe it is necessary; However, I completely disagree with their point of view. I believe that young people have received adequate education in school.

Certainly, many parents want their children to learn more. Therefore, they hire private tutors or send their children to night school centres. However, this is not necessary as children learn enough throughout the school day. Teachers regularly provide homework so that students can review what they have learned at home. After eight hours of school work, the students must have been exhausted and should have rested rather than continued their studies. In other words, if students study while tired, parents are not only wasting money but also their children's time and health.

In addition, children should be encouraged to try new activities at this time. Making time for hobbies allows students to improve their creativity as well as other social skills such as communication and problem solving, all of which have a major impact on their future careers. Moreover, individuals can use their free time to exercise for better health. For example, going swimming on the weekend helps build endurance and keep their body in good shape. In addition, children can help their parents by singing in the choir, which helps children develop a sense of responsibility.

In summary, while many people say that it is important to have more lessons for their children after school or on weekends, I think that children get the proper education at school and need relaxation or hobbies to develop.

(268 words)









Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

It is now common to schedule additional classes for students to use in their free time. Most parents do this to improve their child's education. I agree It is beneficial for students to plan their future as it can lead to better grades and more career opportunities. This will be discussed and I will provide evidence to support my opinion.

Educating today's youth is more difficult and stressful than ever before. This means that children must prepare their lessons in advance. In addition, the amount of homework they receive each day has increased, not decreased, so that children expect to do an additional 2 to 3 hours of homework after 8 hours of school without adequate rest. I am forced. Continued tutoring will eventually drain children of energy and negatively affect their ability to perform. There are also additional lessons at the expense of social commitment. Spending most of a student's time in the classroom and sitting comfortably at a desk can reduce their ability to communicate and their social circle with others, putting them at a disadvantage to their peers in future employment.

In addition, students who are overloaded with excessive study time experience direct health consequences. An increasing number of students taking extra classes are coping with daily sleep deprivation, which has a negative impact on their mental health, leading to mental distraction and a decline in skills such as analytical and problemsolving skills. This gradually stunts student progress, leading to poor grades and a lack of motivation to attend school.

In conclusion, I think it will be beneficial for students. To thrive in this difficult world, children need special skills that can be learned through remedial training. These skills can only be learned after school.

(290 words)









Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

In today's life, a surging number of parents send their children to extra classes after completion of their school and on Saturdays and Sundays. According to their perception, it is necessary to do so, however, I do not bolster such a viewpoint. I truly believe that children are provided with sufficient knowledge at school.

To begin with, in order to gain more knowledge parents send their children for extra tuition. As a result of this, they hire private tutors or send their children for extra classes in the evenings. However, it is unnecessary because children learn enough during the school day. Teachers also assign homework so that students can review what they have learned at home. After 8 hours of schoolwork, all students must have been exhausted and should have rested rather than continued their studies. In other words, if students learn while tired, parents are wasting not only their money but also their children's time and health.

Furthermore, children should be encouraged to try new things at that time. Spending time on hobbies allows students to develop their creativity as well as other social skills such as communication and problem-solving abilities, all of which have a significant impact on their future careers. In addition, they can use their free time to exercise for better health. Swimming on weekends, for example, helps to build endurance and keep their bodies in good shape. Furthermore, children can help their parents by singing in choirs, which helps them develop a sense of responsibility.

To sum up and offer my position, despite the fact that parents send their children for extra tuition after school or at the weekends. I firmly believe that the education perceived by the children at school is more than enough and they are in the need of relaxation or hobby to relax themselves.

(304 words)





University education should be free for all students. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

Write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Higher education is something that a lot of students today want to do at least once in their life. Universities are urged to make their educational services available to all students without charge. Nonetheless, I think institutions must charge every recipient for two reasons.

The first reason why students should be required to pay is that I believe they will not take their education seriously and will not make the most of it if it is provided at no cost to them. In other words, individuals frequently fail to recognize the value of something, such as free instruction, and as a result, they may not attend or enroll in free courses out of the mistaken belief that they are of inferior quality. Therefore, students should be required to pay at least a little amount to attend university classes, so that they may ensure that the quality of the instruction they get is comparable to that of other courses.

Universities need funds for maintenance. Many of these organizations must generate cash to function properly. Many schools, even some that had previously provided free education, had to close because they lacked the resources to continue operating, such as money for research and employee salaries. Therefore, in my opinion, if no one is paying financial repayments to their educational institutions, it will have a catastrophic effect on the long-term stability of these organizations due to a lack of operating revenues to support academics.

To sum up, I believe that universities should charge tuition for the services they provide, not only because doing so would boost students' trust in the academies' pedagogical credentials but also because doing so would generate much-needed revenue for the institutions. (281 words)









Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

Educating today's youth is more important than ever if we want to see a better tomorrow. Students pay fees to take classes and gain Institute knowledge. Most students lack the financial aid to enroll in and complete their education at their preferred universities. Regarding education, all students should be exempt from paying any fees.

Initially, free education motivates pupils to perform better. When a student is exempted from paying college costs, he is ecstatic that he no longer needs to consider it. As a result, he endeavors to study more effectively to appreciate this possibility. Second, students are not the only ones that grow here; society does as well. By letting pupils finish school, society will get a reliable, productive workforce, boosting results. Countries that invest in their kids' education are more inventive and creative.

Occasionally, free education may have the opposite effect on pupils. Because they didn't earn it, students wouldn't find it hard to drop out of school if everything was easy. Giving them this chance would be a waste since they would evaluate its worth based on how challenging it is. It's possible that providing education for free might lower standards of learning. Most schools rely on student fees for infrastructure and materials. Without this, schools would be relying only on government money and unable to improve.

In conclusion, I firmly believe that education should be free as everyone, regardless of their level of wealth, ought to continue to have equal access to educational opportunities. It will also guarantee that nations can flourish and go into the next stage of evolution with a workforce that is educated to the highest possible level.

(275 words)









Higher education fees in the world are expensive and not affordable for everyone, hence some universities believe that education should be free for all individuals regardless of background. In my opinion, university education should be provided free of charge since it will benefit both people and society.

One important reason to remove tuition costs is that it provides everybody with equal rights regardless of their socioeconomic status. Currently, kids from disadvantaged backgrounds are unable to attend college because they cannot pay the costs. This condition, which may be prevented by removing tuition costs, excludes and discriminates against a huge segment of society. Some 75% of all college students have to work to cover the costs of their education, as per the survey by Stanford University. As a result, free higher education should provide better results since students would be able to devote their whole attention to their studies.

Finally, free university education will help society in the long term because it will make higher education available to a larger segment of the population. This will increase the number of educated individuals. In other words, having a larger pool of qualified professionals will benefit society as a whole. Furthermore, it can provide economic benefits to a country that demonstrates itself to be rich and leading in a variety of disciplines.

To summarise, free university education is critical for every society that cherishes equal rights and desires to progress. The expense of free education will be more than offset by the benefits it provides.

(252 words)









In the present environment, when access to knowledge is a priority, education ought to be provided without charge. There are a few positive outcomes from doing this, but I believe there are even more effective ways to educate, which will be detailed in the following article.

Free courses have several perks. With free knowledge, any person may obtain teaching according to his aptitude, including newborns who can't afford decent tutoring. In today's pricey lifestyle, free education will at least allow talented and skilled residents' children to widen their horizons by attending school. Schools use this system. Delhi Public School, one of the best institutions in India, offers scholarships to many talented students so they may pursue their interests and obtain free tuition.

However, eliminating all tuition fees may result in erroneous findings. If the regime waives all tutoring, such as school and college fees, the authority coffers would benefit much, resulting in a drop in authority coffers. The ministry's own resources, from which it funds several programs for the public's benefit, will suffer a severe hit. Social growth halts. It has been established that a healthy lifestyle demands a stable income, and thus a job, and the regime produces new jobs and employment possibilities using money from its treasury. However, there may be significant losses as a result of this.

Lastly, tuition should be made accessible for youngsters who are well-versed in education or who cannot afford to study. The country can be successful and rich if the government focuses on indoctrination and other human development areas.

(257 words)



Nowadays education quality is very low. Some people think we should encourage our students to evaluate and criticise their teachers, others believe that it will result in a loss of respect and discipline in the classroom. Discuss both the views and give your opinion.

Include examples from your experience or knowledge that are pertinent to your answer. You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Excellent education is now difficult to find in modern society. There is an ongoing argument about whether it is advantageous for students to assess and criticise their classroom instructors. There will be a deeper investigation of both the opinions and my own opinion.

Understanding the formal viewpoint, it was believed that allowing students to rank and criticise their professors would improve education. If students have the authority to give remarks and question their professors, then teachers will develop their teaching techniques and will try to teach students by applying easy and effective techniques. To cite an example, an article in a local newspaper proved that, since students criticise and review teachers, they not only started to recognize their mistakes but also improve them. Thus, remarking is beneficial for both of them in the learning process.

In contrast, other supporters who assess and criticise their professors would lead to a significant drop in discipline and esteem. Although it depends on the conduct of the students, the majority of instructors dislike getting criticisms and comments about themselves; as a result, it has a negative impact on their respect and the classroom atmosphere. For example, a teacher refuses to instruct in the classroom since the students were misbehaving and making irrelevant remarks. Consequently, the behaviour of the students affects their learning itself.







To conclude and express my opinion, allowing students to give reviews and criticise their professors is a great way to improve educational quality; but it should be acceptable to a limited extent as their behaviour does not affect teachers' respect. (258 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

In recent times, finding methods to enhance instructional content is often one of the top concerns of any education system. In certain countries, high school students are encouraged to comment on their professors; while, others think that this might lead to a lack of respect and classroom discipline. The viewpoints and my opinion will be addressed further.

On the one hand, it is true that allowing students to critique and assess their professors will increase the quality of education. In many instances, the amount of comprehension of a student relies more on the manner in which the instructor conducts the study than on the study materials themselves. To cite an example, it would be impossible for professors to evaluate if their technique of instruction is correct or incorrect if they did not get feedback from the students who are having difficulty with it.

On the other hand, there are several downsides to commenting and criticising their lecturers. Such as, teachers are prone to offensive remarks from pupils; as a result, teachers believe that they are exerting effort in the classroom and deserve respect and admiration from their pupils instead of critique. For example, in the school systems of many Asian countries, instructors often hold this viewpoint. Apart from this, the classroom may be in disarray as a result of the many remarks; however, without feedback, it would be hard for instructors to satisfy their students, who have varied perspectives.

To conclude and to offer my position, the education system is not necessarily improved by inviting high school pupils to remark on their instructors.

(263 words)







Finding techniques to improve instructional material has been one of the most important problems of education systems in recent years. In certain nations, high school students are urged to remark on their teachers, while others believe that this might result in a lack of regard and classroom discipline. The viewpoints and my opinions will be examined in further depth.

Discussing the formal standpoint, it is advantageous for the overall quality of the educational experience if students are allowed to talk and express their opinions. In addition, it will aid educators in enhancing the strategies and resources they employ to educate. For instance, if teachers gather student comments, they will be able to identify their errors and design more effective teaching tactics. Therefore, for the betterment of the education quality, encouraging students to provide feedback is not only good for professors but also helpful for the students themselves.

However, this argument has a negative influence on the classroom's discipline and the instructors' respect. Since some students' unappreciated behaviour affects the environment of the classroom and their inappropriate comments, lead to difficulties for their teachers. The findings of the survey indicated that at least one instructor has been terminated as a direct consequence of a student's inappropriate comment. Therefore, it is immoral for students to make remarks and assertions while behaving improperly.

In conclusion and offering my position, although classroom environment and discipline is important, permitting students to provide feedback is essential for enhancing the quality of education; however, they must do it in an acceptable way and conduct.

(255 words)









In recent times, educational quality has been a contentious matter of discussion. Furthermore, in many nations, people are still discussing whether or not students should review and criticise in the classroom to improve the quality of education, while others are worried that it produces downsides such as increasing undisciplined and losing respect.

Education quality might enhance the learning capacities of students. In addition, asking questions and communicating with professors by providing or getting feedback is advantageous for both individuals. As a result of expressing their views and making comments, pupils strengthen their thinking and response abilities. Therefore, remarks and comments are essential, not only for the improvement of educational quality but also for the development of the students' personalities.

On the other hand, remarking and comments on the professors could affect the environment of the classroom and the discipline of the students. Because the different perspectives and opinions of the students create counterproductive effects. Besides this, more comments and criticisms disturb the teacher, and eventually, it will disturb the classroom's environment and teachers' respect. For instance, an interview with a professor revealed that the majority of students in his course irritate him by making improper comments. So, encouraging students to ask questions to teachers is beneficial; however, up until an acceptable extent.

To conclude and present my perspective, in order to develop personality and thinking abilities, it should be allowed for the learners to ask questions to their teacher; however, learners should behave carefully so that they do not affect their professors' respect.

(252 words)







Some people say that in all levels of education, from primary schools to universities, too much time is spent on learning facts and not enough on learning practical skills. Do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Some claim that today's educational system, from elementary school through university, places too much emphasis on theoretical knowledge and not enough on practical skills. In this paper, I argue that this statement is correct and explain why.

Admittedly, students spend more time learning about concepts than applying them in the classroom. The small percentage of experiment classes compared to the total number of classes on the curriculum is indicative of the issue at hand. The lack of critical thinking in the children being tested is further evidence. This is because of the way the material is presented in classrooms, where theoretical approaches are prioritised over experimental ones. Important for students' success in higher education is the role that practical experience plays in training. This experience provides visual understanding and helps students remember knowledge more deeply.

The same problem persists in our nation's higher-level, university-based training system. Undergraduate education now emphasises independent study over lecture-based instruction, but theoretical understanding remains paramount. Many students will graduate without the necessary soft skills for successful employment, a direct result of this policy. One common example is the failure of recently graduated students to succeed in job interviews because they were never taught how to do so. Furthermore, the theory taught to students is frequently outdated in comparison to actual events. This is so because it takes both time and money to bring outdated textbooks up to date.







To recapitulate, students and pupils at all educational levels learn more theory than practice, leaving them unprepared for further education or future professional success. The problem can only be solved by providing students with more real-world learning opportunities.

(271 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

It has been repeatedly observed that there has been a debate on educational methods because the majority of people believe that practical skills are not taught appropriately and with more time than theoretical skills. I completely bolster with the former viewpoint. In the following paragraphs, I will justify my preference.

The first and foremost reason for my inclination is that some professions require the analysis of a large amount of information and as a result it requires a lot of cramping facts. For instance, in the profession of medicine. It is mandatory for the doctors to memorise crucial information on vital statistics, medicine dosages and vital structures. Therefore, they must demonstrate during the education process that they are competent to do this.

However, not everyone needs to devote a great deal of time to memorising facts they will never need to know. I can speak from experience when I say that this is true. In high school, my teachers drilled us on the periodic table and made us memorise a slew of chemical formulas. There has been no subsequent use of this knowledge on my part. Hence, it was totally pointless to try. The academic path may not be appealing to everyone. Learning formulas by heart is useless preparation for a career in carpentry, for example. People in this situation would benefit more from taking a practical course related to their desired field.

To summarise, there is a wide range of professions that are not covered by the typical curriculum. A person's time is best spent learning about things that will aid them in their dayto-day lives.

(267 words)









According to these authorities, academic institutions place too much emphasis on theoretical studies and facts, and not enough on teaching students to think critically and apply what they have learned in real-world scenarios. However, I think theoretical understanding is much more crucial than just focusing on practical knowledge. My preference is justified in the ensuing paragraphs.

To begin with, educational institutions cannot change their curriculum every few years. Changing the syllabus, for example, necessitates a significant amount of effort and training for teachers in order to provide them with more knowledge, which is not as affordable as the education provided in schools and colleges. For example, according to a recent Times of India article, the Indian education system discovered that only 20% of universities and other educational sectors upgraded their syllabus in the last decade as a result of funds provided by the government for training or mentors.

In addition to this, the majority of educational sectors believe they are only imparting theoretical knowledge. They believe that students learn practical skills through their jobs and work in industry. For example, while pursuing a bachelor's degree in science, I discovered that theoretical subjects received more credits than practical programmes. As a result, I encountered numerous challenges at the start of my career.

All in all, it can be eventually commented that, educational institutions place more value on theoretical work than practical work because education experts do not update curriculum to reflect new developments and educational societies view the teaching of theoretical concepts as their primary responsibility.

(255 words)









It has been brought to light that many people feel the current educational system puts too much emphasis on theoretical knowledge and not enough on practical application. Less emphasis on memorization of facts is an idea I can get behind. Both sides are discussed in the below paragraphs.

Advocates of a more traditional approach to education that focuses on factual information claim that this is the foundation of common understanding. Teaching about one's country's history is a good illustration of this point. While it's true that knowing the same names and dates as the majority of the population isn't particularly significant, it does facilitate stronger bonds and better communication. If you make a specific date, event, or person a reference, you can have a profound conversation with anyone who knows the same information. Because of this, it's possible to bridge cultural divides and reach across national borders.

Nonetheless, students should place a higher priority on developing marketable abilities. Learning non-academic talents can include, but is not limited to, things like cooking and woodworking. A broader focus on developing students' capacities for critical thinking should also be incorporated. When my friend first started out at New Jersey university, a liberal arts school in upstate New Jersey, I was astonished by how much of a focus there was on learning how to think according to his narration. His high school classes put more emphasis on memorization, but his college instructors have been sceptical of relying solely on memorization of facts, definitions, and the like. Instead, they wanted to teach kids how to read intently and think critically on their own, thus they focused on deconstructing fundamental concepts associated with thinking.

To conclusion, I think the benefit of teaching more practical skills is larger than that of teaching information for social cohesion.

(299 words)









Some people think that parents should teach their children how to be good members of society. Others, however, believe that school is the best place to learn this. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

Give reasons for your answer and include relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

The question of who should primarily teach children how to be good members of society elicits divergent opinions. While some argue that schools should take the lead, others contend that parents bear this responsibility. I believe that both parents and schools have roles to play in shaping children into responsible citizens, but parental influence should be prioritised.

Advocates of the school-centric approach point to the structured environment of education as conducive to nurturing social values. Schools offer formal curricula, including moral education programs and extracurricular activities promoting teamwork and social unity. For example, through civic education courses or community service initiatives, schools aim to instill values of citizenship and responsibility.

However, proponents of parental influence argue that familial interactions are fundamental in shaping a child's character. Parents serve as primary role models, imparting moral values, empathy, and social manners through daily interactions. Children observe and emulate their parents' behaviour, learning crucial traits like respect, kindness, and responsibility. In my opinion, while schools play a role in social development, parents should assume the central responsibility for teaching children how to be good members of society. The familial environment provides continuous and personalised guidance crucial for character formation. Parents serve as consistent influencers, shaping a child's worldview and moral compass, thus laying a strong foundation for their societal role.







In conclusion, both parents and schools contribute to the development of responsible citizens, but parental influence should be prioritised. The combination of formal education provided by schools and the enduring guidance offered by parents ensures that children grow into individuals who contribute positively to society. (262 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

The debate over where the primary responsibility lies for teaching social competencies to the next generation is multifaceted. While some contend that this duty solely rests with parents, others, myself included, argue that educational institutions play a crucial role in shaping individuals into good members of society. In this essay, I will explore both perspectives in detail.

It is undeniable that family environments offer unique advantages for the development of children. Within the familial setting, children are often more receptive to the influence of their parents due to the intimate and nurturing atmosphere. Additionally, parents possess valuable insights into their children's personalities, allowing them to adapt their guidance to suit individual needs effectively. Moreover, instilling fundamental moral values such as courage, integrity, and empathy is widely regarded as a parental responsibility, as it forms the cornerstone of a child's ethical framework.

However, the notion that social competencies can be exclusively cultivated within the confines of the home overlooks the pivotal role of educational institutions. Schools serve as microcosms of society, exposing children to diverse perspectives and fostering interaction with peers and teachers from varied backgrounds. Through collaborative projects and social activities, students learn essential skills such as teamwork, communication, and conflict resolution, which are indispensable for navigating the complexities of adult life.

In conclusion, while parents undoubtedly utilise significant influence over their children's moral and social development, the role of educational institutions should not be underestimated. Both entities share a collective responsibility in preparing the next generation to become productive members of society. By working collaboratively, parents and educators can create an environment favourable to the holistic growth of children, equipping them with the necessary tools to succeed in an ever-evolving world.

46

(282 words)











The debate about who should teach kids to be good members of society is common. Some say parents should, while others argue schools are better. I think we need to think about both sides before deciding. Many believe parents should guide kids because children usually listen to them more than anyone else. Parents are often seen as the first teachers and should teach important values like respect, honesty, and obedience early on. For example, my sister's son is only in the fifth grade, yet he shows respect to older people. This is because his parents taught him the important qualities he should adopt.

What kids learn at home sticks with them for life, shaping who they become. Parents play a big role in showing kids how to behave in society. However, not all parents can spend a lot of time with their kids due to work or other reasons. In those cases, teachers become important. Some kids listen to teachers they like and follow their advice closely.

On the other side, some strongly believe schools are the best place to teach kids how to be good members of society. They argue that since parents are often busy with work, children spend more time at school. Schools should include moral values in their curriculum so kids can learn them alongside regular subjects.

In conclusion, both parents and schools have important roles in teaching kids about society. Neither side should be ignored. Personally, I think schools are crucial for this because they have more time with kids during the day.

(258 words)







There is a prevalent belief that parents should be the primary educators, nurturing their children's moral development to prepare them for active participation in society. Conversely, others argue that schools are better suited to imparting good manners. I firmly believe that parents bear greater responsibility in this regard.

On one hand, the bond between parents and children is unparalleled, developing growth and character development. Parents serve as the initial educators, and the home environment serves as the foundational learning ground where children begin to shape their personalities. Given the significant influence parents hold over their children during their formative years, they play an indispensable role in imparting moral principles and values.

On the other hand, some people think schools should be the ones to teach kids good values because kids spend a lot of time there. Additionally, teachers possess considerable influence over students and can contribute significantly to their character formation. Apart from academic instruction, educators can impart essential life lessons and ethical values that are integral to their future success.

In conclusion, both parents and schools employ distinct influences on children's development. However, I maintain that schools cannot supplant the crucial role and responsibility of parents in shaping a child's character. Schools interact with a multitude of students, each with unique backgrounds and mindsets, making individualised moral guidance challenging. Moreover, children's deep-seated attachment to their parents means that parental behaviour serves as a primary model for their own conduct. Thus, while schools have a complementary role, parents remain vital in developing responsible individuals equipped for societal engagement.

(258 words)







Rising university fees and scarce employment prospects for graduates have led some people to say that universities should not teach arts subjects, like philosophy and history, and only offer practical degree courses that maximise chances of employment.

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Many people believe that schools should prioritise the development of subject-based practical education and stop offering art courses in order to address the concerns of rising tuition and a lack of professional possibilities. I concur that practical knowledge is the key to expanding employment opportunities and that theoretical art courses do not aid graduates in the present job environment.

To commence with, the current employment demand gives preference to practical workers, while those with degrees in philosophy or history of art are less conversant with ideas, facts, and dates. Although knowing these dates and details is essential for comprehending our cultures and languages, memorising would not help someone in acquiring the skills necessary to organise an event, run a machine, or create computer programmes. Moreover, because machines can perform the work more efficiently and affordably, most businesses are not interested in spending more money on the training of unskilled graduates. As a result, there is a labour shortage in the corporate sector, which results in unemployment. It should be removed from university curricula since the academic information in art studies is not relevant in the workplace.

Secondly, higher employment rates come from people's greater capacity for critical and creative thought as a result of exposure to the real world. In other words, experienced graduates have options outside entering the job, such as founding their own startups or private firms. By providing financial support to institutions, these corporations have the ability to lower the cost of college tuition while also increasing employment in the current market.









In conclusion, I believe that practical courses should replace art classes because they assist students to gain the skills they need for the workforce. However to gain knowledge about culture and language subjects like art are important.

(292 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

In recent years, there is an increase in the poverty ratio due to the fact that there has been an increase in unemployment. Consequently, many people believe that universities should place a greater emphasis on disciplines that can assist students in enhancing their employment opportunities. However, I disagree with the notion, as each subject has its own relevance and contribution to general development. In the subsequent essay, the explanation is provided with pertinent instances.

To begin with, there are numerous subjects, such as art, history, and philosophy, that are as important for human development as any other subject. The students who study them must enthusiastic to foster their growth. In addition, they aid individuals in becoming critical thinkers through the acquisition and memorization of knowledge and concepts. Due to the prevalence of free debate and in-depth reflection on society and the world, students can gradually acquire the ability to think extensively and thoroughly, with the capacity to examine events objectively, generate new ideas, and make sensible decisions.

Furthermore, subjects like history assist individuals to recall significant information and events, enabling them to make more educated decisions. For example, philosophy majors assist students to develop critical thinking skills. These degrees assist students in becoming critical thinkers and gaining jobs in a variety of disciplines, including law, teaching, social work, and more. However, areas such as science and business have shown to be essential to human survival. Art students, however, contribute equally to society.

In conclusion, I believe vocational education is just as essential in society as other forms of education as they help individuals to acquire critical thinking skills and develop enormous knowledge, which can help them get excellent job opportunities. (280 words)









The expense and duration of graduate education are significant for students. Therefore, if you are currently seeking employment, vocational training may be a better investment. On the other hand, not everyone talented in the domains of science, engineering, or medicine, so there is a need for graduates with art-related knowledge.

To begin with, philosophy classes provide students valuable abilities. Instead of being inactive students who merely memorise material and the opinions of others, they become active problem-solvers who can think critically. Philosophy students improve their critical and moral reasoning, argumentation, and debating skills. It is essential to be capable of investigating and analysing. Moreover, many notable writers and politicians hail from this educational background. For example, the Indian Administration Service course requires a comprehensive understanding of history and philosophy in order to pass the examination.

On the other hand, the sciences and business are extremely important to our society. Hence, intelligent persons should pursue a college education and the career in these fields. However, as individuals grow in their careers, they are more likely to be able to solve problems, take initiative, identify biases, and avoid substantial dangers if they have training in logic and analytical thinking or a broad general knowledge through studying the arts.

To conclude, I disagree with the notion that arts education should be prohibited. Even if they wish to specialise in the sciences, I believe that all students should take classes in philosophy, history, and other humanities-related subjects, as developing critical thinking skills and a broad knowledge base will be immensely advantageous to them in the future.

(262 words)





It has been argued by students that universities should only offer practical degree programmes that have the potential to improve employment rather than continuing to educate disciplines like arts, philosophy, and history. In my opinion, universities should concentrate mostly on practical courses while not ignoring other classes that help students gain a better understanding of various fields.

To begin with, learning accumulation of knowledge that leads to a higher-paying job. In reality, education entails acquiring the experience necessary to solve problems in the future. Moreover, the purpose of teaching other disciplines to students is to acquire knowledge in all aspects of the field. Hence, students should study the past to gain experience from their previous employers. For example, students with limited knowledge in all fields, such historical knowledge and creative skills, are better able to solve problems and have enhanced cognitive abilities.

On the contrary, offering practical university courses at a reduced cost saves time and increases the employment rate of satisfied students. For instance, students who enrol in practical courses with lower costs and shorter periods can easily seek jobs and settle down. Employment temporary, but skills acquired from others will remain for a very long time. Thus, gaining knowledge of a variety of areas will aid in living a successful life in the future.

In conclusion, the rate of employment can boost the rate of employment by learning only practical degree courses however skills and knowledge in other areas will be useful in the future for problem solving and enhancing cognitive abilities.

(254 words)



Some teachers think that international student exchange would be beneficial for all teenage school students. Do you think its advantages will outweigh the disadvantages?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Many people from all over the world are becoming interlinked with advances in technology and science. The concept of exchanging students between nations is so evident nowadays. Some teachers believe that education in other nations could have numerous perks, while others do not believe in the benefits of migrating students. This chapter will explain the prominent supporters and opponents of this topic.

To begin with the first viewpoint, youth is the optimal period to gather expertise in several professions. Therefore, moving to other states helps young people expand their horizons. For instance, pupils will understand how to handle their lives and communicate with foreigners, which might enhance their self. In addition, teens may get familiar with various learning methods, the use of which will result in permanent success.

On the contrary, it is evident that adolescents are vulnerable, and any modifications to their lives could have damaging consequences. Therefore, immigration at a young age may impose an excessive amount of stress on the shoulders of youngsters. Furthermore, a sense of isolation is inevitable when moving to a new location, and this could impact their social abilities. Lastly, studying subjects in a new school, particularly in a different language, may result in a decline in academic achievement.

In conclusion with regard to all of the aforementioned perspectives, swapping teenagers has both benefits and drawbacks. However, caution is advised while making decisions on children's lives. Due to the importance of young people's mental health and the bad impacts of the exchange procedure, it is preferable to substitute transferring minors with weekly tour advice for the experience.

53

(264 words)











These days, many teachers embrace the idea of the international student exchange programme because it is believed that this would enhance the boundaries of a youngster. However, there are those who view it as detrimental. I believe that this has more pros than cons.

To commence with, the primary argument against this is that it would place an additional burden on students from economically disadvantaged backgrounds. For instance, if there is an exchange programme between schools in the United States and India, it will be difficult for even middle-class Indian parents to pay for their child's expenditures in the United States. Even if a young person is knowledgeable, he or she may experience culture shock as the result of the new surroundings. Additionally, they may become ill due to the abrupt change in climate, cuisine, etc.

On the contrary, international student exchange has numerous benefits. First, it offers a teen a once-in-a-lifetime experience. They are exposed to new cultures, which broadens their perspective. They grow more tolerant of these with differing opinions, which benefits them in life. Additionally, it can benefit their careers. It has been discovered that firms offer preference to students who have participated in such a programme since it indicates that they can easily adapt to adverse circumstances. Many multinational corporations, for instance, employ managers with international work experience so that they can place them in offices all over the world.

In conclusion, there are certain downsides to sending teenagers to another country to study. However, I believe that the advantages of improved employment prospects, different cultural experiences, etc. outweigh the disadvantages. Therefore, youth participation should be encouraged.

(271 words)









Many educators argue that all secondary school students should participate in international exchange programmes due to their numerous benefits. I believe the benefits of this movement can outweigh its potential difficulties for students, despite claims by others that it may have negative consequences.

One the one hand, the biggest barrier to teen study abroad is the language barrier. Adolescent exchange students from countries where English is not their first language may find it difficult to keep up with their peers and form relationships with their teachers. They would consequently fall behind in their academic work as a result. Additionally, homesickness is a possibility for international students. Because of this, their mental health could suffer. These students are more likely than average to endure stress or even depression over time.

On the contrary, the advantages of this tendency, however, are notably more significant. Adolescents who take part in foreign exchange programmes get the chance to learn about different cultures, which deepens their understanding of cultural diversity and the wider world. Additionally, students that study abroad develop their independence. As a result, they will grow in their capacity for independent thought and judgement, which will be useful to them in the future. Teenagers that take part in these programmes will undoubtedly have access to top-notch educational systems, that much is certain.

In conclusion, despite the fact that international exchange for school children may have certain problems, I would argue that this trend has a greater number of benefits; therefore, participation in these programmes should be encouraged among adolescents.

(256 words)









It is believed by some teachers that all high school pupils would benefit significantly from international exchange programmes. Despite some drawbacks, I believe the benefits of this idea outweigh them.

To begin with, there are a number of significant disadvantages when high school students opt to participate in international exchange projects. The initial disadvantage is cultural clash. Students going abroad may encounter strange practices and diverse beliefs, which could easily lead to miscommunication, tension, and confrontations. Moreover, when students are striving to adapt to the new culture, it may be tough for them to concentrate solely on their studies. As a result, Many students are unable to adhere to their foreign learning programmes, resulting in poor academic performance. Some of my acquaintances, for instance, must retake examinations or have trouble catching up with their lectures due to their weak language skills.

However, the perks that such programmes bring to students far outweigh the disadvantages. Firstly, exchange students have the chance to meet students from all over the world and gain a variety of skills that they may not have the chance to acquire if they were studying in their native country. By sharing their experiences with other exchange students, for example, they can enhance their social skills and develop a greater understanding of the culture by embedding themselves into the local society. Furthermore, living in a foreign country helps exchange students develop independence. This is due to the fact that without daily support from parents, young children must learn to cook, clean, manage their budgets, and make independent decisions.

In conclusion, the advantages of international exchange programmes outweigh these drawbacks despite the fact that exchange students may have trouble adapting to the new culture and following international school curricula.

(289 words)







Some students take one year off between school and university. Do advantages outweigh disadvantages?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

In this day and age, there is no doubt that the trend of taking a year off before starting university studies and after the completion of school has surged. Both, the merits and the demerits are discussed in the ensuing paragraphs.

Scrutinising the merits, a significant advantage is that students will explore the changes and find themselves ready for the long-run assignments. For instance, the students who want to get admission in medical and para-medical fields take a break of 365 days to prepare hard to compete with several brilliant minds and get themselves admission on merit in government or semi-government universities. Furthermore, these teenagers explore new countries in order to adapt to a new environment by learning a foreign language, adapting their culture, and food, and learning different etiquette.

On the contrary, a year gap can have a bad influence on students as they get into bad company or get into some form of gambling. This will not only have a negative impact on the body of an individual but will also destroy their career and this will indirectly affect their future prospects.

All in all, it can be eventually said that even though the advantages are more of taking a year off between school and university as the students will benefit in the long term and will learn a lot of new things that will make them smarter to compete in this modernising era. However, it cannot be denied that taking a year off can also have a detrimental influence and the student might end up destroying a career.

(261 words)











In this modern era, students take a leave of one year after school in order to fulfil their interests or to relax before entering university. Both the positives and negatives are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Examining the positives, students opt for a job after completion of their higher secondary education and the major reason for such an occurrence is the financial crisis as not every individual has secured financial aid. For instance, a student studying in government school scores above average but does not have sufficient money to get enrolled in the university finds an alternative as they take a break from studies and do a job in order to earn and save money for his/her education. This will not only form a greater impact on the resume but will also, upgrade a student's profile when applied to university as more weightage is given to the students with job experience.

It cannot be overlooked that, in spite of the positive outcomes of taking a year's leave and doing a job but it can turn out to be in the wrong aspect as the student may lose interest in studies and their growth gets retarded. Where they may also have to continue the same job as before without an appropriate education he/she cannot climb the career ladder.

To put it in the nutshell, more and more individuals choose to take a year off before starting the university as it has expanded benefits but without any higher education, there is no scope to get a better job in order to fulfil daily basic necessities.

(265 words)







It has been repeatedly observed that more and more students after passing school take a year off before entering the university. There are several advantages as well as disadvantages. Both aspects are discussed in the ensuing paragraphs.

On one hand, students nowadays travel abroad to learn about modern technology and the diversity of the field for them to study further after graduating from their native country. As the opportunities are more in the non-native nations with well-equipped tools which will not only increase theoretical knowledge but also will enhance practical skills.

Alternatively, this year gap can be stressful as all the peers would have moved on without wasting 365 days. This can have a detrimental impact on the pupils with a year off. They not only feel left out but also miss a lot of opportunities in that one year and as a result of this tension and pressure surge and it indirectly affects their health and coping with it gets more and more difficult. Therefore, students should keep themselves engaged in studies as it is a continuous process and students will only benefit from it.

To sum up, students should do productive work or learn their desired courses or activities to enhance their skills while taking a year off rather than sitting and observing others. This will not only make them regret their decision but will also see losing opportunities. By observing their friends without wasting a year and moving swiftly they will somewhat get to know that it was a mistake. Hence, this will form mental health issues and they will have to, unfortunately, continue the same.

(269 words)





Nowadays, students after the completion of their higher secondary school opt for a year off in order to either work or explore another city. However, there are certain pros and cons to such an occurrence. The advantages and disadvantages are discussed in the below paragraphs.

The first and foremost reason is that students till their higher education grade do have time for extracurricular activities and therefore they take a year off. For example, students go for sports, dance, take acting classes, learn a foreign language or choose the activities of their own choice and get themselves trained under the hand of professionals in order to pursue a career of their own interest in the future.

On the other hand, there are certain disadvantages such as the year gap can make students lose interest in education and may influence them to pursue jobs with no secured job.

Moreover, students might also get homesick and this may give stress as they won't have any productive work to do on a daily basis. Most importantly, it is a total waste of time, and rather than learning anything of their interest students will end up delaying things and will end up wasting their time.

In conclusion, pupils taking a year off between school and university has certain pros and cons. As the students can relieve their minds by learning and adapting things of their own choice and interest which will make them learn things better. In contrast, it may be a total waste of time and resources.

(253 words)







Bullying is a big problem in many schools. What do you think are the causes of this? What solutions can you suggest?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Globally, every school experiences a case of bullying frequently and it is considered one of the most widespread and underreported issues in schools. However, this act can affect the victim's mental health or physical health. Many students feel insecure in school if the administration does not take any steps in favor of them. In this essay, the possible issues and the way to get rid of these issues will be listed.

Firstly, not getting enough attention or affection from parents and teachers can result in bullying other classmates. They end-up in the act of bullying to ensure that they get enough attention and consideration. To exemplify, because of the hectic schedule of parents, they might not be able to give enough time to their children to listen to their incidents or problems in school. Moreover, they might not be there sometimes when their children need to convey something or want to talk to them. This dissatisfaction can make them attention seekers, for which the students start to find attention from the school where they start bullying their weaker classmates.

The school should impose strict rules and regulations like a zero-tolerance policy or antibullying laws. The teachers should encourage students to raise their voices. Moreover, parents should see to it that their children are not getting feelings of loneliness or are not left alone. Psychological training should be given to the students for understanding the dark side of bullying and to diminish the number of bullying cases.

To conclude, there are so many types of bullying but the main reason for bullying is because of mental health. To eradicate this issue, the children should be made aware of the consequences faced by the victim in the long term.

(287 words)











Everyone in this generation has experienced bullying at some stage in their lives. However, it does not matter whether they are students, educators, or parents, everyone has a little bit part in preventing bullying in schools. There are different types of bullying that cause the mental and physical health of the victims. Some of the issues and solutions are discussed here.

Children getting ignored will find their weaker classmates to reduce their frustrations and anger by bullying them through their physical appearance, gender, religion, disability, and many more. As a result, the victims may lose their confidence or self-esteem which can eventually lead to depression. Furthermore, bullying weaker classmates can help them to hide their insecurities and can experience more power.

Schools should bring anti-bullying laws and strict actions should be taken against the students who break the rules. The educational institutes should encourage positive attitudes and behavior by rewarding them. Teachers should allow students to share their worst bullying experiences in class to make others aware of the consequences and reduce such practices. Schools should teach empathy and kindness at an early stage and every child should be made aware that everyone is different. Parents should also take care of their behaviour in front of their children as they look up to them.

To conclude, bullying in educational institutions should be addressed immediately and for this tutors, students, and parents should understand the side effects of this and should try to stand against the people who encourage this trend.

(250 words)



Schools and parents play a vital role in moulding the career of children. However, some arrogant or notorious students set a trend of bullying others. But they do not know the consequences that will be faced by the victims in the long term. In this essay, I have stated the main cause of bullying and the solution to this arising problem.

School bullying has been one of the reasons for depression or self-belief. However, students getting exposed to the internet can be so dangerous because they can access both sides of the internet: the good as well as the dark side. They should have an invigilator to invigilate what they see or what they surf on the web as it can influence their mind. It is said that parents are the first teachers to their children. Children learn from what they see, so if any one of the parents is arrogant, then the children may look up to them and may learn from them. For example, whenever a student gets scolded for anything in school, they might become aggressive towards their classmates or teachers.

To solve this issue, some institutes have taken initiative to teach students about personality development and psychology. This will help the children to make their personality good and can maintain it in public, whereas psychology can help them to learn about human psychology. Even parents should spare some time to communicate with their children to understand their mental state.

To sum up, cyberbullying needs to be taken care of by the parents. Moreover, the educational institutes should look after the intrapersonal qualities of the children.

(269 words)







Nowadays, it is claimed that bullying has become one of the main solicitude in the educational sector. However, it may affect the mind as well as physically of the bullied children. In this essay, the issues will be discussed and to find the way out of them.

First and foremost, there are different types of bullying which include: verbal, physical, emotional, cyber bullying, and racism. In school, the most common type of bullying that is experienced is physical bullying. Tickling, inappropriate touching of someone, kicking, pinching, pulling hairs, punching, pushing, slapping, spitting, stalking, throwing small and lightweight objects at a victim, teasing, and many more. For instance, spreading rumours about the victims can put mental pressure on them which results in depression, and not performing well in academics. In the long term, the victims might get disorders like antisocial personality or social loneliness.

On the other hand, the solution depends on the reaction of the victim. However, educational institutions should take the responsibility of preventing bullying on their campus and keep an eye on the students who are prone to bully their fellow mates as they have a violent mindset. Not only schools but families should also try to investigate and they should also take care of their children and should encourage them to become good human beings. Moreover, the government should also impose strict rules and regulations for school bullying cases.

To sum up, teachers and parents should take initiative to guide their children to raise their voices rather than suffering from bullying. Moreover, the school administration should look after the proper scrutiny to punish the bullies.

(275 words)







Some universities now offer their courses on the Internet so that people can study online. Is this a positive or negative development?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Digitalization has allowed the world to evolve more rapidly. However, there are some drawbacks of digital technologies in every sector. Mainly the pandemic caused by a virus brought a revolution in the education industry where many universities and schools started online teaching. Moreover, some universities also started offering online courses through the internet. There are some merits and demerits of online courses.

Firstly, online courses are very convenient for people who live far from universities as it can be cost-effective and time-saving for people who live in rural areas but want to study at a good and reputed university. Furthermore, it can be helpful for people as online courses offer flexibility in the schedule as there are not any fixed or strict schedules to follow like offline courses. Students can set their pace of learning which is not possible in offline courses as in a physical classroom the teacher sets the pace of learning. Teachers can include videos, presentations, live chats, virtual conferences, and whiteboards that can be provided through the digital classroom.

On the contrary, the traditional theory and method of teaching can never be replaced by digital tools. Communications and group discussion happens face to face in offline classes which can never be matched with online discussions. Moreover, students can remain more serious and committed to their studies as compared to students enrolling in online courses. To conclude, students who can afford to go to university should not enrol in offline courses. Whereas, online courses should be open to people who are living in remote places or rural areas.

(261 words)









The Internet and technology becomes the main element in every student's development. Nowadays, online courses have replaced face-to-face seminars in territory education. In my opinion, an online study has various advantages and a few disadvantages.

Whenever a student joins an online course, students can study in a very flexible manner. This is the most noticeable advantage of online education. Due to this, they can balance their schooling with their other domestic responsibilities. Internet access allows students to collect their academic sources from sitting at home. As a result, their capacity to study individually is developed improperly. Second, elderly people find online education to be highly useful. Due to differences in religion, gender, language, etc. Many individuals were unable to complete their education in the past, but now they are able to do so with the help of online courses offered by some universities.

Students have fewer opportunities for face-to-face contact with their faculties, which is the major drawback of online education considering its advantages. They depend entirely on written information, like notes, perspectives, live chat, etc. Apart from this, they have insufficient interaction with people. This issue may lead to a loss of motivation and an inability to share different viewpoints. For example, students get a variety of assignments as projects, which they afterwards debate in teams.

In conclusion, online education in universities has a few drawbacks but it is a great step toward innovation in our society and with online education, a person's desire for additional education can be satisfied, which they might not be unable to achieve earlier.

(254 words)



With the advancement in technologies, every sector is getting new innovative upgrades and in the education industry, the physical classroom is turning to virtual classrooms and many people are accepting it. However, there are many merits and demerits of online courses which are offered by some of the well-known universities.

Firstly, when it comes to online education, the faculties can share informative links to videos, and the interaction can be done using the comment section or the option of live chat. It depends on the student for determining the pace of learning. Whereas, offline classes have the culture of teachers determining the pace of learning. Moreover, anyone can access the lecture from any remote place which can be cost-efficient and can be time-saving. Furthermore, students can learn different topics from different faculties.

There are a few drawbacks to enrolling in online courses. Firstly, the students can not learn communication and collaboration skills through online classes which can not strengthen the bond as the offline classes can help them to boost the bond with other batchmates. Practical knowledge is one of the main reasons for avoiding online courses as some of the subjects can not be performed virtually, so the use of tools and laboratories can be beneficial for getting complete knowledge. No technical issues can create a problem in the class.

In conclusion, opting for online courses can be a huge step toward digital learning but the problem of practical knowledge can be an obstacle to achieving this revolution in the educational industry.

(253 words)



In the 21st century, every profession has some or the other advancement with the help of technology. Universities have also started taking online batches for different courses. However, there are fewer positive and more negative sides to online courses.

Firstly, online classes can involve the flexibility of the schedule and the student can set their pace of learning on their own. Moreover, It can change the traditional method of teaching by including informative videos, articles and many more. Moreover, the live chat can be helpful for the students to discuss or clear their doubts. Online classes can save time and can save resources as the students can access the lectures from their comfort zone. Furthermore, the cost of education can also be reduced, since the courses are enrolled online and the equipment and the materials will not be used.

Similarly, the subjects related to science need to be performed in a practical laboratory and practicals can not be achieved in the online class. Instead of online classes, students can remain more serious and focused in offline classes. Group discussion and team building can teach communication skills, teamwork and strategy-making ability which can not be achieved in virtual classrooms. Teachers can understand the mindset of students in physical classrooms and can teach them according to that, which can help the students to learn easily.

In conclusion, nowadays, practical knowledge is getting more important and since it cannot be achieved through virtual classes, the importance of offline or physical courses should get more priority.

(252 words)



Universities should accept equal numbers of male and female students in every subject. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Needless to say, gender equality is a crucial topic in today's society. Some are of the notion that there should be equal genders in each and every subject taught at the university. I firmly agree with such a viewpoint. My opinion is discussed in the following paragraphs.

To begin with, by accepting the equivalent ratio of both male and female the universities promote gender egalitarianism which will help people to break all the odds and fear to study together without any hesitation. For instance, in nations like Hungary many universities enrol an equal number of male and females in order to surge the economic conditions; for instance, nowadays females are becoming as active as males in the business and industrial sector and these genders work simultaneously with each other's new ideal versions. Thus, this makes the nation a better place not only in terms of work but also to become a developed from developing nation.

In addition to this, if a woman is at home and a man dominates the fields of education, research, art and history, nothing constructive can be achieved. But we cannot ignore the contributions of Mother Teresa and Madame Mary Curry, who have devoted their lives to making the world a better place. It is true that more male students will dominate over female students if the competition is gender independent. Universities should continue to accept the same number of applicants.

To put it in a nutshell, If universities enrol an equal number of male and females than their will be a better exchange of an ideas will occur between both the genders which will not only result in a greater contribution to the nation by a surge in employment rates but it will also have a great impact on the country's economy.

(297 words)











Since the last few decades, the educational system has been changed gradually and it has become possible for girls to study in university along with boys. Moreover, in many universities female students exceed the male students in various subjects. I strongly disagree with the idea of granting the same number of boys and girls in every subject offered at the university. My justification is explained below.

The first and foremost reason for my inclination is that the university's mission is to educate and equip students to lead the country in the future. If the admission process prioritises and attempts to enrol the same number of male and female students in each subject, it is not beneficial to the country. Instead, the students should focus on abilities, and the areas they are particularly interested in. If they follow their desired course they will surely form an expertise in that particular subject.

Furthermore, merit and academic performance are the most important qualifications. In this scenario, gender does not matter. It would be absurd to request the same number of boys and girls in all the subjects by robbing many of the bright male students. As there is no limit to the female students who can enrol in any subject, so one can compete fairly without resentment at the rules. Moreover, not both the genders have the same interest in studying every subject as each has its own taste.

All in all, it can be eventually commented that the universities should not accept men and women equally. The method proposed above is far more beneficial to all students.

(265 words)





When the topic of studying equal numbers of male and female in a subject arises there are divided opinions. Some are of the viewpoint that it is the best way to receive an equal number of both the genders in particular subjects. However, I do not agree with such an occurance. My opinion and justifications is elaborated in the paragraphs below.

To begin with, certain different professions require different genders. For example, a recent study in Dusk newspaper of Bangalore has stated that nearly 60% of the female students do not practise nursing after completing Bsc. nursing as they were not able to complete further studies after graduation due to looking after children and other household works. As a result of this, such losses kept an additional burden on the healthcare system. This makes it clear that universities should not accept the same number of male and female students in all subjects.

Most importantly, in my opinion, more capable people should be prioritised. The goal of all universities is to accept the best candidates, male or female. As a result, the proportion of male and female students is expected to vary by region. Men were unable to compete with women in some areas and vice versa.

To recapitulate, I believe different professions require different genders. Therefore, one should choose a subject accordingly and it is the responsibility of the university to give priority to the individuals with better performance. Of course it is true that there are certain fields in which males are better than females and vice versa. Thus, universities should be wise enough to give admissions accordingly rather than comparing the genders for a particular study.

(278 words)





Around the world, university studies are highly popular and every year millions of students enrol for various courses. However, some state that having an equal number of genders in a subject is appropriate. Whereas, a few others state that people should choose subjects according to their own convenience. I disagree with such a viewpoint. My stance is described below.

A balanced expression of women and men in all courses is simply unattainable. Registration for each course is based on the number of applications the universities receive. If the university has decided to fill the degree program with the same number of men and women, the university needs a sufficient number of candidates for both genders. In reality, it is not practical to aim for equal quotas, as many courses are more popular than one gender. For example, if 50% of vacant seats are directed to men, it is difficult to fill an arts course because these courses tend to attract more female candidates.

Apart from the practical aspects above, it is difficult to enrol students in college courses based solely on gender. The best applicants for each subject should continue to be selected by the university based on their qualifications. This gives men and women equal opportunities and knows the candidates will succeed if they work to get good grades at college. It is unfair to reject students who are strongest applicants for the course and to support lower grade or low qualification men.

To conclude, it is true that the chance should be given to the candidate with higher experience and education and there are certain courses that are specifically for male and female and thus, to forcefully enrol equal numbers of genders in the same subject is totally wrong.

(291 words)





Discipline is an ever-increasing problem in modern schools. Some people think that discipline should be the responsibility of teachers, while others think that this is the role of parents. Discuss both the views and give your opinion.

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

For the overall growth of children, discipline is essential. Numerous educational institutions impose stringent standards on pupils in order to discipline them, but many students lack discipline nowadays. Consequently, some claim that maintaining ethical behaviour is the job of educators, while others assert that parents should be responsible for this. Nonetheless, in my opinion, transmitting morals to future generations is a collaborative endeavour.

To begin with, it is definite that parents play a crucial role in maintaining moral behaviour. First, a long-lasting friendship and a strong link between them allow the elders to attentively study the youth for their bad characteristics. Second, parents have a better understanding of their children's behaviour since they are more involved in their activities. Therefore, they can readily recognise and eradicate even the most complex immoral behaviours before they occur. Thus, parents have a tremendous obligation to shape the character of their children. In contrast, it is evident that the contribution of educators to the inculcation of an ethical code is vital. Because kids are under the supervision of teachers on school premises. Additionally, parents sometimes are too blind to recognise the negative characteristics of their children. Teachers are required to identify and correct children's deficiencies in such circumstances. Therefore, teachers' assistance in the development of children is essential.

However, I believe that parents and teachers should collaborate to instil excellent ethics in pupils. This is because any of them can take responsibility when others are absent. For instance, parent-teacher meetings where both collaborate and work together for the growth of children. Therefore, only the combined efforts of parents and educators could ensure that children lead principled lives.







In conclusion, parental love and teachers' technical knowledge and skill may help in building good etiquette among future generations. Therefore, in my opinion, both parents and teachers should make sure that students do not diverge into bad habits. (311 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

Discipline is defined as appropriate behaviour, including time management, responsibility, and rule-following. Some believe that parents should be responsible for their children's education and discipline, while others contend that instructors should instruct them in proper conduct. In my view, both have equal responsibilities.

On the one hand, for the general development of children, the family serves as the primary foundation. Parents are the initial instructors of moral values and fundamental abilities that contribute directly to a child's personality, including discipline. In addition, parents observe their children closely from birth onward, giving them ample time and chances to instil discipline and excellent manners. In addition, children prefer to copy their parents' behaviours, therefore their parents' good models of behaviour will become their own.

On the contrary, schools, and teachers, in particular, play an undoubtedly crucial role in instilling discipline among kids. Schools and other organisations provide a comprehensive education for students. Through classroom instruction and co-curricular activities. Teachers assist students to understand the significance of discipline, and as a result, students respect and comply with society's standards. In addition, children spend the majority of their time at school, making teachers just as influential as their parents at home. Educators can readily identify disobedient students and correct their behaviour.

In conclusion, discipline is an essential virtue in our culture, and it is equally the obligation of parents and teachers to teach children about this virtue. In my opinion, they should collaborate to assist youngsters to develop excellent manners and become contributing members of society.

(252 words)









In the current scenario, maintaining discipline and instilling politeness in kids has always been a desirable task. Some individuals believe that this responsibility is with the parents, while others believe that it is the responsibility of the teachers. In the following essay, both perspectives are discussed.

To begin with, there are numerous students in schools that are mischievous and require regular supervision. Since children spend the majority of their time in school, some argue that instructors should play a vital role in instilling discipline in them. Additionally, due to their influence, teachers may easily instil good manners in their students. In addition, children are more sensitive to the teachings of discipline from teachers because they feel fear of being punished or disciplined by teachers or the principal. Hence, if they are scolded and punished in school for being troublesome then they can learn good ethics and moral values in school.

Others, parents should teach discipline to their children. Additionally, children typically learn negative behaviour at home. Since they do not receive continual parental attention, children have the freedom to be mischievous at home. They may exhibit the same conduct at school. This can be avoided to a considerable extent if parents implement strict standards of discipline in the home. Moreover, parents may appropriately scold their children without causing them unnecessary suffering, whereas teachers' punishments can be humiliating and may cause a youngster to rebel.

In conclusion, I believe that parents and teachers must collaborate on character growth and behaviour change. Thus, in order to combat the problem of disobedience, it is vital that parents and schools work together.

(268 words)







Today, discipline is crucial so that children are well-behaved, have self-control, and do not become social failures. Some people believe that instructors should be responsible for discipline, while others believe that parents should be in charge of this. Both perspectives are examined here.

In addition to educating pupils academically, teachers should also educate them about discipline, which is not emphasised in the curriculum. Teachers should demonstrate the repercussions of disobedience and motivate students to become better individuals by sharing real-life success stories. Teachers should also discipline students for their wrongdoings, such as not completing their homework assignments or not adhering to school rules, among others. Teachers should also do daily behaviour monitoring of their kids. If a kid demonstrates no indicators of discipline, he or she must get individual counselling in order to be counselled.

On the other side, it is incredibly difficult to mould a spoiled child into a disciplined one. Therefore, parents must be strict and demonstrate power, but also show their children respect, so that their children are not scared by them. Parents should also serve as role models and demonstrate discipline to their children, such as by abiding by driving laws, etc. In addition, I believe that parents should teach their children discipline by assigning them chores and requiring them to complete them.

In conclusion, I believe that both sides are equally vital in teaching children the value of discipline. Inadequate parental and school discipline has far too many negative effects on children and on society as a whole.

(253 words)









In many countries schools have severe problems with student behaviour. What do you think are the causes of this? What solutions can you suggest?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

The problem of students behaving inappropriately in educational institutions is growing more frequent in a number of countries. The two key causes responsible for this situation are parental negligence in promoting appropriate behavior patterns and the rising usage of mobile phones. To address this issue, numerous solutions must be applied for reducing the problem and providing an environment favorable to student success.

Currently, the majority of families are nuclear families, in which both parents work and rarely stay at home to raise their children. As a result, children can do whatever they want without anyone supervising them. Their children tend to get stubborn at the fewest provocations and get involved with bad company. Likewise, every child has mobile phones these days and frequently have no control over the frequency of their mobile phone use and the media they access. With the increasing number of videos available on the Internet, it's getting easier for children to develop bad habits. Dramatizations featuring violent or vituperative language, for case, may be dangerous to teenagers.

It is acceptable that both parents must work due to the high expense of living, but this does not diminish the significance of spending time with children. When a child is grown enough to be left alone, there should be a system in place to keep an eye on them while their parents are gone, either by enlisting the services of a family member such as a grandparent or hiring a maid. Furthermore, it is recommended to use the parental control option on mobile devices to limit the content that a child has access to.







To summarize, most countries' schools have severe issues with student behavior. As previously said, this is a direct effect of home neglect and mobile phone access, and correcting it necessitates making sure someone is home and monitoring cell phone usage.

(306 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

In recent times, schools in numerous regions of the world claim that pupils have behavioral issues. Regrettably, this will make it more difficult for schools to educate pupils because disruptive behaviors are likely to cause problems with the learning process.

The primary cause of such an issue is a lack of parental attention to their children. Because many people have stressful schedules, they spend less time with their children. As a result of poor parental direction, children may freely use the web and social media apps, where they may encounter explicit content without comprehending the harmful impact on their behavior. Fathers and mothers can for the most part help their children by devoting adequate time to them, which is fairly significant. These could literally involve scheduling family meetings, polite chats, and reading literature together in a sort of major way.

To address such a challenge, teachers should be approachable while remaining professional. Teachers who are friendly may be able to consider students' perspectives and hence design the best tactics for connecting with them. Students are more inclined to listen to teachers if they believe they can relate to them and that the teachers understand them. It is also critical to treat students with patience. This is critical since harsh treatment may worsen their behavior or kind of encourage them to basically skip school. It mostly is therefore preferable to generally be patient and gradually guide students into good behaviour rather than employing force, or so they specifically thought.







In Conclusion, abnormal student behaviour basically is the result of insufficient attention from both parents and teachers, or so they really thought. Yet, particularly such situations can particularly be prevented via for all intents and purposes specific supervision and counselling of students in a fairly big way.

(295 words)

Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

Abnormal treatments for kids and adolescents are becoming increasingly common, and parents and school systems are struggling with this issue. The majority of schools around the world struggle with some pupils' behavior. This essay will discuss the primary causes of this situation. It will then explore the best ways to fix them.

The main reason for pupils' violent behavior may be traced back to their social environment. A person who experiences violence frequently at home is likely to behave similarly when they are at school. Second, the educational setting is crucial in forming a student's character. Competition and comparison are the foundations of modern education. For instance, schools often test students to gauge their development; as a result, they experience excessive stress, which contributes to their violent behavior at school.

Schools must collaborate with parents to improve the child's behaviour in order to address this issue in a particularly good way. For instance, schools may host regular parent-teacher conferences where they could for the most part inform parents about the sort of the best courses of action and how to for all intents and purposes instruct their kids, or so they mostly thought. Schools should also actually think about taking steps to for all intents and purposes encourage kids to essentially behave appropriately in a subtle way.

Finally, the kind of social and educational systems, which literally are fairly key factors to extreme behavior of students, can really be improved by implementing reasonable steps at home and school. Students really are the crown jewels of our civilization, and it specifically is our duty to steer them in the kind of correct direction in a generally major way. (277 words)







Students' behavior has become a nuisance at many institutions or schools around the world. The next paragraphs will describe the major reason for this problem and how to solve it.

The fact that teachers no longer have the discretion to chastise students is one of the causes of this. In the past, educators were free to discipline students anyway they saw fit, including physically if necessary. The scales have gone in favor of the children now that they are conscious of the fact that teachers have certain powers that must be respected or else inappropriate behavior may result from their actions. For instance, there have been instances where students have sued teachers for excessive discipline. Of course, it is wrong to mistreat children, but teachers need more freedom to manage their classes anyway they see fit without worrying about consequences.

The next sentences outline possible solutions for these issues. The main way to deal with that problem is for teachers to be tolerant and patient with their students while they are being educated. If pupils are subjected to harshness or strictness, they are less likely to develop normally, which leads to problems like the inability for students to open up and be fearless in class and the tendency for them to study out of obligation rather than choice.

As a result of the parents' lack of attention to their children, issues relating to this may arise in poor company. Yet, by keeping them out of the hostels as well as encouraging them to choose a company with respectable manners, this problem can be solved.

(264 words)







Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8 - More and more students are choosing to study at colleges and universities in a foreign country. Do the benefits of studying abroad outweigh the drawbacks?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

In recent years, there has been a rise in the number of students who choose to pursue their education at schools and universities located in other nations. Students should be informed that there are numerous disadvantages associated with attending a university or college outside of their home country, even while it is true that there are many benefits associated with doing so. The essay's focus would be on analysing the advantages and disadvantages of attending universities and colleges located in other countries.

Students who are interested in broadening their horizons and learning about various cultures might consider enrolling in a college or university in a country other than their own because it affords them the rare opportunity to take classes taught in languages other than their native tongue. Students can significantly widen their worldviews and advance their knowledge of a subject area by studying in a nation other than their own, which is one of the many benefits of studying abroad. One of the numerous advantages of studying in another country is the chance to broaden one's professional network and their understanding of the world as a whole.

However, students also struggle with the application process and adjusting to life in a foreign country while pursuing their academic goals. This results in certain individuals being unable to communicate properly, which creates a barrier for the students. Many people find it challenging to select a university located outside of their home country because the associated expenditures are not only variable but also exorbitant.







Despite certain effective hurdles in communication and prices, it may be determined that students have high chances and prospects in obtaining their demands and being able to ensure they may boost their knowledge and efficiency. The benefits, however, much exceed the drawbacks, which can be mitigated through measures such as English language tutoring and the use of educational loans.

(311 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

More and more students are deciding to seek their higher education prospects in other countries. There are a number of positive aspects associated with attending a university or college in a different country, but it is impossible to ignore the negative aspects. In this essay, I will analyse the positive and negative aspects of going abroad to pursue further education at a young age.

To begin with, many graduates move abroad to be taught at prominent educational institutions. That is, the greatest academies, such as Harvard, Oxford, and Yale, employ lecturers who are specialists in their subjects, which means that qualifications obtained there can lead to better work prospects. Moreover, living in a foreign nation broadens the horizons of researchers. Furthermore, international students are exposed to other cultures and habits, which leads to tolerance for all people and spending a significant amount of time abroad may provide an ideal atmosphere for learning various international languages. They can become immersed in a language.

In contrast, one obvious disadvantage of studying abroad is that staying away from home might be difficult. Many students experience homesickness and miss their family, which may be a cause of certain mental disorders. As a result, these individuals perform poorly and risk expulsion from the university. In addition, the communication barriers can pose challenges, which may impede the process of acquiring profound knowledge. In other words, it is difficult to master a subject when one is not a native speaker of the language of teaching. Lastly, life in a foreign country might be difficult due to factors such as flat seeking and paying expenses.







In conclusion, a wide range of high school graduates get enrolled in colleges and universities located in other countries. In spite of the fact that there are certain drawbacks, the benefits clearly outweigh them. (311 words)

Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

Studying in another country is becoming increasingly common. There are many positive aspects of studying abroad at university, but there are also some negatives to think about. In this essay, I will address the advantages and disadvantages of studying abroad and explain why more students should take advantage of this opportunity.

When studying abroad, homesickness is a common issue. Many students who study or intern abroad report experiencing feelings of isolation. As an example, people worry about their safety due to their separation from loved ones. In addition, many of them are unable to meet the cost of living in their new nation of residence. That includes things like rent, utilities, and food (food, drinks, and clothing). Thus, there are a number of factors, such as homesickness and the cost of living, that can make life abroad difficult.

Yet, getting a solid career upon graduation is arguably the most important advantage of studying abroad. Graduates with degrees from highly regarded institutions tend to be highly sought after by potential employers. Recruiters from most companies seek international students because of the high level of their education. In addition, when students move to a new area, they gain insight into new cultural practices and customs. For instance, such experiences can help students develop more open perspectives. Students that study abroad have a clear advantage over their domestically educated counterparts in terms of problem-solving abilities in the job. As a result, students benefit from preferential recruiting due to their problem-solving skills.

Although studying abroad might be costly and leave students feeling homesick, the skills and experiences gained are invaluable in the global job market. When deciding between a local university and one abroad, I would choose the latter since I believe the advantages of studying abroad outweigh the disadvantages. (297 words)











In recent times, students are interested in pursuing their higher education in overseas universities. There are some good effects of studying abroad on students, but there are also some unfavourable ones.

An obvious advantage of pursuing higher education in a foreign country is the opportunity to study from lecturers who are experts in their respective professions. In other words, not only do students have the opportunity to be educated at a prestigious institution, but they also get the ability to learn from renowned professors, increasing their future employment prospects. Second, while studying abroad, one is exposed to international people; hence, they gain knowledge of the languages and cultures of many countries throughout the globe. For instance, each year the University of British Columbia admits over a thousand international students who come to study on a particular campus, learn about each other, and expand their understanding of others.

On the other hand, there are downsides to going abroad for higher education, such as losing skills, cultural or traditional values and feeling alone. Even if someone goes to another country to get more education, he or she usually stays there because of the jobs and way of life. So, when he isn't around, his parents feel lonely and, in the end, need them. Also, students who go to school in another country start to feel less connected to their home country and lose touch with their traditions and cultural values.

In conclusion, going to a university or school overseas to get more education has a few bad sides, but the major benefits far outweigh the bad ones.

(266 words)







Everybody should be allowed admission to university study programs regardless of their level of academic ability. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Academics have recently become vital for survival in our globalised society. Nonetheless, others argue that admittance to academic programmes should not be based on the academic qualifications of applicants. I partially agree with the statement, and my preference will be explained further.

To begin with, everyone should prioritise their mental health first and foremost. If institutions admit anybody, regardless of their talents, it has negative consequences not just for the students but also for the institutions' reputations. According to a survey, for instance, students take suicidal actions if they cannot handle the stress of studying and do not pass the tests; as a result, students lose their lives, and universities are forced to address a number of global issues. Therefore, by measuring the capability of pupils, universities' should allow them to get enrolled in study programs.

Furthermore, since graduation becomes more imminent, the level of academics increases day by day. In addition, a student's eligibility to enrol in university study programmes should be contingent on their prior academic success. Hence, institutions should admit all qualified applicants because other students may experience worry and stress throughout their studies.

However, I would not disregard the fact that, after experiencing failure in life, everyone desires a second chance, whether in the academy or elsewhere. If university students choose to enrol in a higher course, they should be permitted to do so without evaluating their previous performance, because it would be unfair to deny them a second chance to prove themselves.



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To conclude, while it is necessary to give students a second opportunity, it is more crucial that they get admitted based on their ability, since mental health is as critical and academic performance is determined by potential.

(284 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

Academics is usually a contentious issue of discussion in the present day. University enrollment is open to all students, regardless of their academic standing. I agree with this statement to a major extent, and my preference will be discussed in upcoming paragraphs. To begin with, although the capability of learning something depends on persons' passion for it, students can learn anything if they find each other's support. If learners are getting an admission without any entrance exam, then even below average students get a chance to study appropriately and to prove themselves. Hence, studying with friends makes a different impact on studies as well and they can learn and grow together.

In addition, admission in university develops interest in studies itself. While the value of a degree from a reputable institution enhances the likelihood of better placements, each student pursues one for their future. To cite an example, an interview of a student demonstrated that after getting admission in his desired university he not only improved his technical skills and reading capability, but also gained many experiences and wins after facing failures. So, if given the opportunity, students may earn a position without an admissions requirement or a minimum skill level.

Yet, considering the fact that without entrance exams and judging previous scores, organisations should not allow students to get enrolled because after that they would be unable to handle the pressure of study and it causes them anxiety and mental illness. Thus, without entrance or judging marks they should not allow them as it has detrimental effects as well.

To conclude, despite the fact that colleges should not admit anybody who lacks a certain level of skills, the encouragement of friends and the desire to achieve anything may significantly alter a person's potential.

(291 words)



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Nowadays, a university education is a crucial component for students. Regardless of their intellectual prowess, all applicants should be welcomed into institution study programmes. Nevertheless, I strongly disagree with this approach, and my alternative will be discussed in the following paragraphs.

To begin with, universities have limited seats for their courses which they want to fill. Moreover, reputation is one of the most important considerations for the institutes, which is directly connected to the students they are enrolling. To cite an example, according to a survey, the majority of universities accept scholar students as they are associated with the best performance and reputation of the college as well. Hence, admission with good marks is crucial.

Furthermore, there is a huge competition outside to get an admission. In addition, each student desires to graduate from the best universities. Since the pressure of study increased and some students would be unable to handle it, colleges began admitting capable students, who can handle the pressure of study. Therefore, for the betterment of the learners' life, they should not admit pupils who lack the necessary skills. Nonetheless, it is a reality that pupils do better work when they have a strong desire to achieve something. In addition, there is a possibility that students will do better if they are given a second opportunity in their studies, and they may go on to accomplish great things in their lives.

To conclude, although for everyone a second opportunity is necessary, institutes' reputation and students' mental health are much more inevitable.

(254 words)









Nowadays, education is a fundamental right of every individual. Some individuals believe that students should be accepted to university educational programmes regardless of their academic competence. However, I partially agree with this approach, and my preference will be explained further.

To begin with, education is getting tough day by day. In addition, due to the competition between the students itself, colleges should not allow them without the capabilities. If students with lower academic aptitude are put into such an environment, it might be detrimental to both the students enrolled in the course and the institution providing the course. For instance, there is a huge competition to get an admission in big colleges even though enrolled students complain of pressure and stress.

In addition, access to higher education should not be open to everyone; rather, there should be admittance requirements, since quality education is more essential than quantity. In addition, allocating students to various faculties depending on their cognitive abilities allows for the creation of a workforce with a stronger capacity for logical thought, as well as vast advancements in their particular fields of study. In many industrialised countries, for instance, students pursuing bachelor's degrees must take admission tests. While considering the other perspective that if students would not get admission in college because of their previous academic performance then it would be unfair for them as sometimes there are some personal situations that play a vital role in academics; as a result students are not able to concentrate in their studies. Thus, they deserve a second chance to prove themselves.

To conclude, despite the fact that some situations affect their studies, studies and mental capabilities of students' matters the most.

(280 words)









Students perform better in school when they are rewarded rather than punished. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

The teaching methods of a school have a profound effect on the psyche of a youngster. It helps to develop a child's personality. Hence, a teacher must approach a child with care and affection. Rewarding a child for his positive deeds is always preferable rather to scold him for his simple errors.

Incentives can increase a child's motivation to study and improve his academic performance. That increases his overall performance. The reward is something trivial that nonetheless has a significant influence. If a child is rewarded and cherished by his teachers, he will instantly feel respect and affection for them. He will pay closer attention in order to get additional prizes from his teachers. Those who perform poorly in their academics, for instance, should not be penalized. Perhaps if he excels at athletics, he must be recognized and rewarded for his talent. As a result, he will work harder to make his professors pleased and will develop a greater interest in sports.

On the other hand, punishing a child for not paying enough attention to his schoolwork can traumatize him. He will experience a feeling of panic and lose all interest in his studies. In his mind, punishment might leave a permanent scar. This scar drastically altered his lifestyle. Character development will veer off course, and he will become a drain on society. If he is punished for what he enjoys, he would lose all affection for all that is placed on him.

Ultimately, we can conclude that rewarding a youngster is a significantly superior method for teaching discipline and lifestyle. That is a healthy practice because it will help him recognize the significance of schoolwork. This awareness will aid him in his further studies and throughout his entire life. Clearly, rewards motivate higher performance than punishments.

(296 words)











At schools and universities, rewards and punishments play a vital role in teaching lessons and motivating students to study. In recent years, there has been a movement among parents and intellectuals to discourage teachers from reprimanding their students. As a result, it is now acceptable to motivate children with various rewards in order to urge them to develop responsibility.

There are numerous types of students in a classroom, and the instructor must engage them in various ways. At this point, the effectiveness of the teacher comes into question. Regrettably, disciplining young students in front of their peers has the potential to demotivate them. Some mature students are incapable of handling a teacher's reprimand. They may become targets of teasing if their classmates continually repeat the teacher's remarks to them. All of this could cause worry and anxiety in their impressionable young minds.

Owing to the aforementioned impacts, the teacher must exercise caution when interacting with each student. One method is praising positive behaviour. When the teacher provides several strategies to make the student feel appreciated, the student will quit being disruptive in the classroom. Rewarding might take the shape of tiny presents, enjoyable chores, playing games, etc. That will not only make the classroom activity more engaging for them, but it will also prevent them from causing disruptions.

In conclusion, I would state that I agree with the topic's approach, as it is a healthy strategy to let students understand their own mistakes and develop, rather than to punish them and discourage them from studying.

(255 words)









A child's mind is regarded as a blank sheet of paper. The individuals around them shape their development. School is one of them, as it is regarded as a child's second home. In school, children study lessons on discipline and character development.

Regardless of what is taught in school, it affects the minds of youngsters. This has both beneficial and harmful effects. When students are reprimanded at school, it has a bad effect on their minds. If this occurs, the youngster will no longer attend school. On the other hand, youngsters are motivated by modest expressions of admiration. So, it is preferable to reward a child for his small accomplishment than to scold him for his ridiculous error.

Everyone is thrilled when they receive a reward. Rewarding increases a child's academic engagement and gives incentives. He grows increasingly excited about things. A child grows to appreciate his teachers and school. Hence, rewards are beneficial in every way. When a child gets punished for making a trivial error in his schoolwork, he develops a fear of the teacher. He lost interest in school and dropped out of attendance. This can severely impact a child's life. As a consequence of his lack of schooling, he becomes an undisciplined child who cannot survive without a basic education.

In conclusion, it is not advisable to use punishment to modify the conduct of an unruly and dull youngster. Rewarding and advising them affectionately can affect them positively and benefit them throughout their lives. Rewarding at school encourages consistent attendance and a passion for learning. They acquire discipline, which benefits them in the future. Good education inspires people to realize their full potential.

(277 words)









Some people feel that rewarding kids will improve their academic achievement, while others believe that punishment will have the same effect. Therefore, student punishment is not recommended and should be avoided. This essay will examine both perspectives and reach a conclusion.

In the first place, corporal punishment may result in children behaving with discipline and being more attentive in the classroom; yet, these pupils frequently feel dissatisfied and despise attending school. Some children may also develop introversion. Youngsters also tend to strive hard to achieve good exam grades out of fear of punishment, which places them under unnecessary pressure that may result in undesirable outcomes. For example, the majority of schools in India use corporal punishment to discipline their children; yet, the suicide rate has risen by five percent in three years, and the dropout rate has risen to fifteen percent. Punishing students will therefore have more negative outcomes.

In contrast, kids who have been praised for their accomplishments will definitely flourish in their academics. They can explore without fear of failure because there will be no repercussions for failing. This setting will positively develop children's personalities. For instance, it would be unexpected if, after the British government introduced a rule in 2014 making it unlawful to punish children at school, their academic performance increased dramatically in the subsequent 18 months. Hence, recognizing children's accomplishments will improve their performance.

Physical punishment will cause youngsters to become introverts, whereas positive reinforcement will produce positive consequences. Future educational institutions will recognize the benefits of praising children and will prohibit all forms of corporal punishment.

(262 words)









In the past when students did a university degree, they tended to study in their own country. Nowadays they have more opportunities to study abroad. What are the advantages and disadvantages of this development?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Governing bodies in the modern world are always introducing novel policies aimed at assisting the youth of the nation. Youth mobility and education abroad are both possible and encouraged.

Leaving one's home country is the first issue, It's an opportunity to expose yourself to fresh information, other environments, and different people. Moreover, leaving your country to pursue further education can open doors to other possibilities. Kids who have access to greater education tend to be more enlightened and progressive as adults. Then, once people have received a solid education, they will be able to pursue fulfilling careers of their own choosing. If you go to school in another country, you can get a job in that country once you graduate. Migration also provides a chance to learn about and experience other ways of life, including a plethora of languages, cuisines, and ways of thinking. Some of the benefits of studying abroad include expanding one's linguistic and social horizons and making new friends.

However, there are drawbacks to studying abroad, too. If you don't have family there, you could feel homesick and isolated at first. Making new friends can be difficult when you don't know anyone and are in an unfamiliar environment. There's also the moment that you lack the funds necessary to study in another country.







In conclusion, I believe that every student has the right to study wherever he or she chooses. Personally, I opted to gain an international education because it affords the opportunity to see the world and experience other cultures and traditions. Additionally, I intend to attend college in Canada, but my ultimate objective is to return home after gaining international experience and education in order to teach others about the world.

(286 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

These days, everyone must acquire a degree from an accredited institution. People today appear to like studying abroad for a variety of reasons, including the opportunity to expand their horizons, take advantage of superior resources, and develop their independence. Studying abroad has never been a popular choice for students in the past because of the stigma attached to doing so.

Many people from the past would stay in their home nation to get their education because they believe that studying abroad is too challenging. People who have already decided to pursue their education are not frightened by the unfamiliar cultural norms they are sure to encounter on campus. In this way, individuals are able to study in their own nations with relative ease, but they are limited in learning about themselves and the world beyond their own culture because they only interact with people from their own country.

There are, nevertheless, a plethora of possibilities for students who would like to pursue their education overseas despite these drawbacks. To begin, many people can now qualify for financial aid to attend the college of their choice thanks to the increased competition for admissions. Meeting new people provides an opportunity to learn about various cultures, as well as to share what you know about your own. Learning a new language is an obvious benefit of studying abroad, as it's impossible to get by in a foreign country without being able to interact with the locals.







In conclusion, I believe that, given enough time and effort, persons who continue their education abroad will have a profoundly good impact on their lives. In addition, people as a whole need to exercise greater caution when making decisions, especially those related to their children's education, and parents need to do what they can to help their kids succeed in all areas of life.

(307 words)

Model Sample Answer 3 Band 7

Higher education used to be exclusively available within a country's borders. However, due to the proliferation and the abundance of chances, everyone nowadays chooses to continue their education abroad. This essay will address the benefits and drawbacks of this trend. Firstly, there are several positives associated with higher education pursuits in nations other than one's own, making studying abroad a viable option for many students. It's a great way to meet interesting people from many walks of life and gain insight into other cultures, not to mention lay the groundwork for making professional connections in the future.

Furthermore, graduates of international universities are exposed to several job options. Getting an education in a different country can help you improve your skills and give you access to a wider range of professional contacts globally.

However, there are some negative aspects of studying in a foreign country. When people experience a drastic change in their environment, such as when they study abroad, they can experience a wide range of emotions, including homesickness, depression, and loneliness. This can lead to unnecessary anxiety in kids who aren't well-equipped to deal with the challenges posed by these variations. Furthermore, if students decide to pursue higher education in a foreign country rather than their own, then the country's economy will suffer greatly, and valuable citizens will leave.





In summary, more and more students are opting to study in other countries as a result of rising globalization. Conversely, there are advantages and disadvantages to this arrangement. Therefore, it is up to the individual to exercise good judgment while determining whether or not to acquire an education in a foreign country. I think the cons of studying abroad are more significant than the benefits. (286 words)

Model Sample Answer 4 Band 6.5

It is evident that, in the contemporary era, people move abroad for study purposes as it gives the opportunity of earning while learning which is good for their future as experience, whereas decades ago, people always prefer to get a bachelor's degree at their own country as they were not much fascinated about other countries as compared to now, and this phenomenon has merits and demerits too due to factors which affect directly while learning in another country.

As a first step, there is a myriad of benefits to studying abroad, such as the chance to earn more money in line with one's skills and the access to educational resources that are unavailable in one's home country. If a country has a wealth of expertise in a certain area, visitors from other countries often travel there to learn from the best. With the exception of India, most countries permit students to work while attending school, giving them a leg up in the workforce whether they come from a privileged background financially or not. In addition, one of the most important skills for a better life is being able to manage one's finances, and this approach teaches us how to do just that.

A person who wants to study abroad should, on the other hand, give some consideration to the culture and environment of the nation in which they intend to enroll. An unbalanced workload can cause stress, illness, and a poor outlook on one's host nation; students studying in a foreign country may also struggle with the language barrier and report negative emotions.

While studying abroad has many benefits, like the chance to broaden one's horizons and gain valuable experience, it often comes with drawbacks, such as homesickness or a lack of friendships back home.

96

(295 words)









Team activities can teach more skills for life than those activities which are played alone. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Without a doubt, everyone has their own thoughts on the best way to complete their responsibilities and chores, with or without the aid of others. I believe working in groups may be more beneficial and teach more useful skills for everyday life. My opinion is detailed below.

To begin with, there are two primary benefits to working alone. First, individual consent can be granted. A computer engineer, for instance, would benefit from working alone since he would be able to give his full attention to his duties. If he wants to make a video programme, he can do so alone by going online and downloading the appropriate software. On top of that, this approach has the potential to yield greater financial rewards. A team's earnings from product sales should be split among its members, however a sole professional can keep all of the profit for themselves.

Nonetheless, despite the benefits of working alone, I believe that collaborative efforts are the most effective. In particular, eBay, a thriving international e-commerce trade that has dominated its competitors over the past decade, would not have become one of the most successful companies of the 2000s if its employees hadn't collaborated. Also, this approach takes less time overall. Each member of the team brings unique skills to the table, and when everyone is pulling in the same direction, it's much easier to solve any issues that arise. For instance, patients would benefit more from a healthcare team's combined efforts than from individual doctors attempting to perform the tasks of nurses and other healthcare workers.







To recapitulate, there are times when it's best to work alone. However, in my opinion, group tasks are preferable because they take less time and participants are more actively motivated to be productive.

(293 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

It has been stated that teamwork and participation in a group setting are more effective ways to learn important life skills than working on a project alone. However, I disagree with that notion, arguing that the opposite is true: that engaging in solo activities is the best way to learn the vital life qualities of independence and self-discipline. My opinion is justified in the following paragraphs.

The onus of quality control falls squarely on the shoulders of the lone worker. If one is on his side, then he can achieve anything he wants without the aid of a team or group. Their confidence in themselves and their work can grow as a result of this. When working as a team, it's easy to become reliant on your teammates rather than on yourself to get the job done. For instance, like a writer who prefers to avoid distractions by working from a remote log cabin in the middle of nowhere. With no internet or other distractions, the writer can focus entirely on the task at hand.

In addition to this, self-directed work allows the employee to establish their own pace and schedule, which can help them to develop self-discipline. A person's self-discipline and capacity to focus on their goals can be strengthened by planning well and minimizing the distractions. As this means that solo work can help one hone their focus and time management skills. Without a supervisor or coworker to keep them on track, a freelance graphic designer may still be able to maintain a strict daily plan.

To put in nutshell, via independent activities one can learn the independence to choose one's own pace and plan, maintain self-discipline, and motivate oneself more thoroughly.

(290 words)









It has been stated that teamwork is superior to other activities for skill development because it forces individuals to work together to solve problems. It's true that each individual's pace of skill development is unique, but I firmly believe that group projects offer a more conducive environment for gaining proficiency in a wide range of areas. Both my perception and the other side is discussed in the below paragraphs.

The first and foremost reason for my opinion is that every member of a team usually has their own preferred method of handling situations. Specifically, one person's method for solving an issue is unlikely to be similar to another's. Everyone in the group would be exposed to these many skills and have plenty of chances to actively or passively learn them.

However, in other situations, such chances are scarce, and learning would be less efficient as a result. There is a lower probability of acquiring numerous skills when, for instance, a person works alone or with the aid of any other media. A nurse in a hospital's emergency room is a great illustration of this. She would learn more quickly and efficiently than a nurse in a solo practice by working as part of a team.

All in all, I agree that the external influence in skill acquisition is undoubtedly secondary to the importance of the individual's own efforts. Even when working independently, there are situations in which a person will acquire numerous skills. Such an event, however, occurs infrequently. There are exceptions to this rule, but in general, working in a group is the best way for a person to develop their talents.

(272 words)







It's debatable whether people learn more about life skills through group activities or individual activities. In my opinion, group projects are far more effective than individual ones at teaching useful skills for daily life. My preference and the other side are discussed in the ensuing paragraphs.

The supporters of the given viewpoint state that collaboration on a project is also a great way to build interpersonal and communication skills, not to mention a healthy dose of faith in humanity. Belief in the inherent kindness of others and practise in effective team communication are cornerstones of success in any endeavour. For instance, Teachers and tutors should encourage children to work on projects in groups rather than individually so that they can share and develop their ideas, become more outgoing, and learn new information and skills. Those who prefer to work alone miss out on the chance to communicate with a wider range of coworkers.

However, those who believe that individual effort yields better benefits in terms of learning transferable skills point out that completing a task independently is more difficult than doing it in a group. Some could even argue that venturing out on one's own is the finest way to develop one's character and prepare one for the challenges of adulthood.

To conclude, I think that working in a group teaches people more valuable life skills than doing jobs individually does, because they gain experience interacting and communicating successfully with people of different personalities, and they also gain faith in their fellow man.

(254 words)









It is becoming increasingly popular to have a year off between finishing school and going to university. What are the advantages and disadvantages of this?

Include any relevant examples from your own experiences or expertise, as well as your reasoning for your choice.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Skipping the year between a high school senior year and a college freshman year is becoming more and more widespread. Before starting college, a lot of people feel that it's important to travel or work abroad. According to reports from several sources, the majority of students do not return to their respective colleges after a month off.

The benefits of keeping a year apart are immense. First, students need a vacation to prepare themselves for higher education. The ability and memory of the student to learn might be impacted by boredom if the same pattern is repeated back to back. In order to prepare their minds and bodies for the demands of university, young people might also travel overseas. Furthermore, taking the youngster on new adventures will enrich his or her life with important knowledge and experiences. Thirdly, in order to create a bright future, working as an intern or assistant is essential to understanding the market's realities and requirements for effective service.

Having a month between studies has several drawbacks. Many kids aren't returning to college because they've lost interest in literature. They stayed home or traveled. Due to their free time and immaturity, many teens get involved in unlawful activities. Some students received good-paying jobs, so they leave school for short-term money, ruining their bright future since parents find it hard to urge their kids to study.







In conclusion, there are both pros and cons to having a break between high school and college. As students should be given the right schedule to get the most out of a gap year, it would be best to send them back to college without a break if they are not excited about their schedule.

(286 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

These days, it is common practice to wait one year after graduating high school before enrolling in college. This gap year is called a gap year. However, despite the fact that there are many advantages to that time period, such as the fact that young people may have a carefree time, there are also some disadvantages.

Before commencing their studies at the post-secondary level, students might benefit from taking a break for a number of different reasons that are readily apparent. The fundamental advantage of this is that it provides students with real-world work experience. To put it another way, those who take on certain menial duties now have the opportunity to both get experience and generate some money for themselves. Second, after such a long holiday, children typically return to school with a revitalized sense of energy and excitement.

While the positives of this trend are undeniable, we must also consider the drawbacks. This disparity has a severe effect on the interest our youth have in continuing their education, which is one of its major downsides. Having to study on your own may be quite isolating, and many students would rather utilize that time working. Wages are also a tempting factor since it means they can buy everything they want. Therefore, continuing their education would necessitate giving up their current employment, which is another reason why they do not enroll in school.

As I mentioned both elements in the preceding paragraphs, I discovered several problems as well as advantages. Thus, this trend has many positive benefits for students who consume it wisely, but it also diminishes our young generation's enthusiasm for professional education.

102

(274 words)









Recent research indicates that high school graduation and college enrollment rates are at historic highs. Here, not all experts, the general public, or even teachers can agree on how to characterize the current climate. These are just a few of the reasons why it opens up so many possibilities and benefits for their future. However, there are many who argue that despite these benefits, people are more likely to procrastinate and waste their time during this period.

One opinion holds that others may be underestimating the threat. First and foremost, remember that these are a person's most formative years and that squandering them will have long-term consequences. Second, while attending school, pupils develop important intellectual and physical advancements and pick up a variety of useful routines and ways of thinking. If they hadn't taken part in any educational events, they would have developed the terrible habit of putting off their homework and would have lagged behind their friends.

However, the educators and scientists who support shutting off the technology present a compelling case for why students should benefit from it. The fact that students aren't as pleased as they would be if they had more time to investigate their options, choose a major, and select a school is the primary criticism that may be made against this strategy. In addition, a year gives you a sufficient amount of time to consider your career objectives and alternatives.

In conclusion, putting off enrollment in college for one year could be beneficial if we make the most of this year, but it might also be risky if we don't make the most of this year's opportunities.

(273 words)







Those who have just graduated from high school frequently take a gap year before enrolling full-time in college. In this article, I will look at both sides of the argument and provide an appraisal of where I think things stand based on the best information I have available.

First of all, there are good things about taking a year off, as high school students now have more time to do things other than schoolwork, which could be useful in college and beyond. Of course, it could be hard for them to do all of that and put a lot of time and effort into their major at the same time. Often, students have to give up social activities that could help them reach their goals in order to do so. They can recharge their batteries by taking a break from the stress of college life and spending some time doing healthy and social things.

On the other hand, not everyone wants to be successful in their job. In other words, after graduating, students feel relieved and spend their year off doing nothing. People waste their time by being stuck in front of technology, which also makes them lazy and sick. In addition to that, it can be hard for them to go to college. Students may have forgotten everything they were taught in the past and find it hard to get back into the study environment.

In conclusion, taking a gap year of one year might be advantageous, provided that students correctly evaluate it for the purpose of improving themselves. In that case, it may cause them to have negative side effects and would be a waste of time.

(279 words)







Some people think that schools should select students according to their academic abilities, while others believe that it is better to have students with different abilities studying together. Discuss both views and state your own opinion.

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least 250 words.

Model Sample Answer 1 Band 8

Some are of the opinion that academic institutes should have students with the same skills, but on the other hand, some think that pupils with cosmopolitan skills should be kept in the same class. Before I state my opinion, I would like to put forth both viewpoints.

First and foremost, the most evident benefit of schools with students having the same skillset is that the teachers can have an enhanced pace of educating all the students. The students in such a classroom will have the same ability; thus, the developing speed at which the lessons are supposed to be taught can be increased. By this, I mean that the teacher can teach without any topic at an advanced stage as all the peers will have similar interests and understanding.

On the contrary, a diversified class will be able to learn from each other. In real life, we need a myriad of skills, most of which can never be taught in any academic institute. Depriving everyone from a background that can lead them various abilities to tackle every situation in life will be unjust. It is a fact that when we enter the real world soft skills one has is given more value than reports we receive from various schools. Thus, having students with different abilities is very beneficial.







To summarize, it can be observed that even though the former opinion has some remarkable gains, the adverse effects it brings with it cannot be disregarded. Hence, according to my perception, the latter way of dealing with the selection of students can be considered more profound.

(264 words)

Model Sample Answer 2 Band 7.5

There is a split opinion on whether the schools should choose students with respect to their capabilities or the selections should be unbiased. After presenting both the opinions below, my view is presented in the following write-ups.

To commence with, all the peer groups will receive the same education, thus the competition within this group will be fair. There are many situations where the talents do not get picked because they are not able to receive similar knowledge that the few fortunate are able to, therefore, grouping the pupils will lead to a uniform distribution of knowledge; this will save any talents from getting wasted. Moreover, this method is adopted by many nations and the results are amazing. Research suggests that having such a formation has boosted the economy of a nation as the focused education has given experts with enhanced skills.

On the contrary, the weakling of the class will be pushed up by their peers. In a class with differences in skills will help the person who is weaker might enhance their skills and aid them to cope with others. A cosmopolitan student will ensure that everyone is developing some or the other ability. Moreover, judging a student on academic ability is un-just because.

To sum up, it is evident that the selection of students according to the academia will help not only the students to grow but also will help the nation to boost itself. The former will help students to focus on their own interests and make their own careers. Although, selection criteria should not be only based on academic abilities the student's extracurricular activities should also be taken into consideration for choosing the appropriate students.

106

(280 words)









There is great disagreement regarding whether admittance to schools should be based on ability testing or can be random. Both ideas have their merits and require substantial examination before any logical conclusion can be formed.

On the one hand, there are people who propose enrolling a group of kids with high intellectual ability in classes, and they find it extremely advantageous. That's the biggest advantage. Teaching in front of students with high cognitive capacity reduces the time it takes to get your point through and reduces instructor effort. It also illustrates the constancy of the course and the high possibility of success. In truth, such groups think and operate similarly, and their level of performance may be on the high side. This also enhances the goodwill of many schools.

It is also suggested that streaming pupils deliver additional benefits to teachers and students. Opponents of mixed class believe that while children develop extensively, they are more likely to waste talent and time. You can devote more time, but instead, they have to wait for the teacher to carefully explain the lesson to the undercurrent, leading to their schedules being late and not having time for extremely easy education. This helps teachers to control their students more conveniently and easily. Students are in courses with the same level of academic competence, and professors can utilize the same approaches for everyone.

Overall, it may be true that diverse classes are good for the overall progress of kids. Still, in my opinion, streaming is fantastic for both students and teachers.

(262 words)







A few support the fact that institutes should hand-pick students, whereas some criticize this process and claim that pupils with different abilities in the same class would have more gains comparatively. My stance is elaborated further with the explanation of both these viewpoints explained with logical reasons for each of them.

To start, a uniform set of skills for the same class will ensure that everyone will be judged equally by default. We are aware of situations where many debates that the exams taken are not fair and the marking system has not been upgraded. Such change is an opportunity for all of us to show our own unique talent and thus, pass the test of our life with flying colors. Furthermore, this will ensure that one is surrounded by people who have the same traits and are able to grow with their peers. A helpful discussion between the mentors and the classmates will also be increased as a result of this. Finally, it can also be said that teachers will also have to put in less effort.

On the flip side, diversifying education will help them to boost the student's skills in all directions. If students are given the liberty to make mistakes it is very likely that they will never be able to know their weaknesses and strengths properly. We all know the fact that mistakes only make us stronger, and the opposite system will only feed us with a fake assurance. Only having expertise in one area will not guarantee success for anyone in life. Thus, it should be kept in mind that a diversified class will have more profits as compared to the former one.

To wrap up the discussion, I bolster the latter opinion has more benefits as compared to the other one.

(299 words)









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